THE MORNING REVIEW.

VOL VII. NO. 67. DECATUR, ILL., TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 20, 1885 10 CTS. PER WEEK

EDWARD DENZ,

MERCHANT TAILOR!

—CENTRAL BLOCK—

Decatur, Illinois.

Suits and garments of all kinds made up in the latest styles. He also has a complete stock of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Of latest styles and best quality. Call and examine his stock and learn his prices. dec6-d3w

Clearing Sale

—OF—

MILLINERY!

AT

Mrs. K. Einstein's.

250 North Water street s - Masonic Temple Block

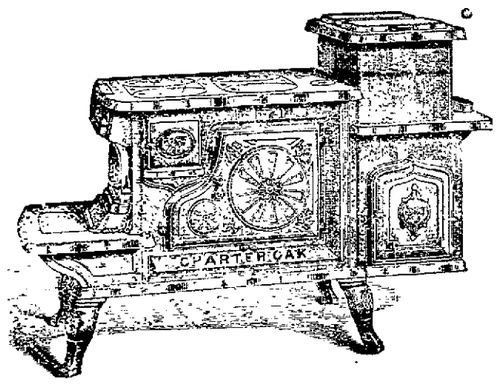
She will offer special inducements during the entire month. This being the last month of the season, she is anxious to reduce her stock which consists of all the latest novelties. Miss Monger, her Chicago trimmer, cannot be surpassed in this or any other city in getting up stylish hats and bonnets.

GERMANTOWN YARN:

She also has on hand a large stock of Germantown Yarn and Zephyrs, which she will sell at first cost Please call before purchasing elsewhere.

Buy the Best

CHARTER OAK STOVES AND RANGES



Sold only at the "Old Corner"

Hardware and Stove Store.

Close, Griswold & Co.

Parties visiting us once are sure to call again. dec7-dw1m

Varney's Hotel.

MAROA, ILLINOIS.

Is thoroughly renovated and refurnished and is open to the traveling public, with assurance of first-class accommodations at all times,

Respectfully

A. H. VARNEY, Maroa, Ill.

—— GO TO ——

Marcott's Restaurant!

NO. 114 NORTH WATER STREET,

DECATUR, ILL.

For a nice neat Meal, Lunch, or Oysters, give us a call.

A GOOD DINNER FOR 25 CTS!

MT. OLIVE COAL!

Is the Best Soft Coal in this part of the State because it is very free from slate and sulphur and makes

NO CLINKER

either in stoves or open grates. For the present I am selling this coal at $2.00 per ton at my yard, and $2.25 per ton delivered to any part of the city, Strictly for Cash.

R. McCLELLAND.

TELEPHONE 21.

Merchants, Bankers and Manufacturers Should Read

BRADSTREET'S

A WEEKLY JOURNAL OF TRADE FINANCE, AND PUBLIC ECONOMY.

Sixteen Pages every Saturday.

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THE BRADSTREET CO.,

279, 281, 283 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK CITY

A FAULTY FURNACE.

It Is the Cause of a Terrible Holocaust on Sunday at Kankakee, Illinois.

Destruction by Fire of a Wing of the Eastern Illinois Insane Asylum.

Thirteen Dead Bodies Recovered, and Four of the Unfortunate Inmates Missing.

ROASTED IN A MAD-HOUSE.

KANKAKEE, Ill., Jan. 19.—At 4:30 o'clock yesterday morning the south infirmary, a detached ward of the Eastern Illinois Hospital for the Insane, was discovered to be on fire. The flames igniting in the furnace-room had got a good start before they were noticed. The woodwork of the building being of Southern pine burned very rapidly. The building was occupied by forty-five patients, six attendants and one night-watchman. Seventeen patients are missing: thirteen bodies have been recovered. They are burned beyond recognition. All of the patients were infirm and incurable. The bed-ridden ones were rescued first, and those who were able to help themselves did not realize the danger, and were the ones who perished. The attendants lost all their personal effects, and many narrowly escaped. There were no facilities for putting out the fire, the State not having made any appropriation for that purpose. The following perished.

Henry Brown, Rock Island; H W Belden, Galesburg; George Bennett, Morris; Joseph Colbert, Cayuga; Orlando Ellis, Pontiac; J. W. Galloway, Macomput; Thomas Hokey, Springfield; Mathew Halaze, Chebanse; T. Hatcher, Stephenson County; Thomas Horsley, Chicago; John Johnson, Vermilion; Michael Jordan, Chicago; J. Nathan, Cheney; A. Kennard, Winnebago County; C Slotz, Chicago; J. W. Tyler, Chicago; F. Weymouth, Putnam County.

The building was a two-story stone and brick, with no wood about it except the floors and stairways. It was completed last August at a cost of $25,000. It was heated by hot-air furnaces. When the flames broke out Attendants Brown and Ross and wife were sleeping on the second floor, and Attendants Reid and Williams and Fireman La Barge on the first floor. It was 12 degrees below zero when the watchman discovered smoke issuing from the floor immediately above the furnace. He awoke the attendants. The smoke at once was drawn through the hot-air flues and along the halls and stairways to all parts of the building. The fire spread so rapidly that all efforts to save the building in the absence of a fire alarm to summon help, and for want of facilities to quench the flames, were in vain.

Attendant W. A. Reid began dragging and carrying out patients as soon as the alarm was given. Many of the patients, clad in their night clothing only, rushed from the bitter cold air back into the building. Reid, at the risk of his own life, struggled on until twenty-one of the twenty-three patients in his department were rescued, when he became exhausted and was carried to bed.

On the second floor Attendants Rose and wife heard the alarm and escaped down the stairway just before it fell. Attendant Brown, sleeping on the same floor, was awakened by the smoke and attempted to save a patient in an adjoining room and failed, and, sliding down a sheet from his window, jumped to the ground.

Superintendent R. S. Dewey reached the scene, and with ladders climbed to the second story windows, smashed the windows and was able to rescue several patients thereby. Almost all the patients refused to co-operate in the efforts being made to save them, and were only rescued by being dragged from the flames and held from returning. A marvelous escape was that of an inmate who fell with the second floor, struck the burning debris above the furnace, and bounded through a window to the ground uninjured.

The remains of the bodies of twelve patients have been taken from the ruins, burned to fragments. They can be identified only by the location in which they were found. The bodies of the dead thus identified were at the coroner's inquest yesterday afternoon.

Superintendent Dewey testified before the Coroner that he had asked the Legislature two years ago for $2,500 to protect these detached wards from fire; that $1,000 was allowed, all of which was used in mains and hydrants; that the amount was insufficient to answer the purpose. He had suggested that the floors above the hot-air furnaces be changed, as they were but four inches from the outside and ten inches from the inside of the furnace. He gave two reasons for the great number of deaths—first, the patients were almost all suffocated by smoke before they could be reached, and second, the inability or unwillingness of insane patients to try and help themselves.

Night Watchman Cobbs, who discovered the flames, testified that he registered a report of his calls every half hour. The register showed he visited the furnace-room at 3:40 o'clock and found it all right. At 4:10 o'clock he discovered the fire. The floor immediately above the furnace had been frequently noticed by the attendants sleeping there to be uncomfortably hot. The furnace was roofed by sheet-iron, two layers of brick laid in mortar, with a space of but six inches between them and the pine joists.

Attendant R. C. Williams testified that five minutes after the fire was discovered it was blazing through the floor. On being roused he ran outside and saw that the fire was only visible about and around the furnaces.

Attendant J. C. McFarland, outside night watchman, testified that he heard the cry of "Fire!" He aroused the attendants of wards numbers five and six and carried two ladders to the burning building from the carpenter-shop, one hundred yards away.

P. Skully, foreman for the arenitect, J. R. Willett, of Chicago, who has charge of all the hospital buildings, testified that he inspected the furnaces when completed. He was satisfied with them then. He had not inspected them since. Air circulated between the furnace roof and the pine timber. The hot-air conductors were brick flues and had no wood about them. The hot-air flues had four-inch walls; the smoke flues eight-inch walls.

The Coroner's Jury is composed of the following well-known citizens: S. M. Davis, Albert Schneider, A. Kurrasch, Fred Frebach, S. P. McLean, J. S. Whitham.

The remains of the bodies, with one exception, did not aggregate each a sufficient quantity of charred fragments to fill a man's hat. The entire remains of ten were spread on a small table two feet square.

Friends of the dead are arriving in search of lost ones. Telegrams are pouring in from all parts of the State, asking as to the safety of their friends among the one thousand inmates of the hospital.

The Coroner's Jury, which adjourned until to-morrow afternoon, is endeavoring to ascertain whether the furnaces were defective. The fact that there was no general fire alarm between the various buildings of the hospital, nor any system of waterworks, accounts for the very large loss of life.

The builders of the furnaces in the burned buildings are the Ruttan Furnace Company, of Decatur and Chicago. The furnaces in the other recently completed hospital detached wards are built in precisely the same style and at the same distance from the pine timbers as was the one in the building burned.

The building destroyed is one of the new detached wards erected last season. It was built of stone, but was not intended to be fire-proof. It was heated, as are most of the detached wards, by furnaces, of which there were four in the building. The fire originated in the floor above one of these furnaces. The top of the furnace is covered by a plate of boiler-iron, upon which are laid two courses of brick set in plaster. Between the brick and wooden floor joists is a six-inch air-chamber. It was in the original plan to heat all the buildings with steam, but an insufficient appropriation by the Legislature compelled the substitution of furnaces. The building and its furnishings cost between $20,000 and $25,000.

MOBILE, Ala., Jan. 19.—At two o'clock Saturday morning an incendiary fired a two-story frame dwelling at Charles and Charleston streets, occupied by the Phillips family and several boarders. The fire started near a large tank of kerosene, which exploded, scattering the flames all over the lower part of the building. Mrs. Phillips and her adopted daughter Amy occupied the first floor and were burned to death. Mr. Phillips roomed up-stairs. Being awakened by the explosion, he found retreat cut off, and sprang from a window, receiving fatal injuries.

HUNTINGTON, L. I., Jan. 19.—By the burning of their residence yesterday Abial Ketcham and his wife Sarah were burned to death. The woman was weak-minded and both were very old. The man's legs and arms were burned off. He was helpless in bed with rheumatism when the fire began and could not help himself. His wife fell into the fire, but got up and went into another room. She was trying to pour oil into a lighted lamp and upset it on the floor under the bed.

MORE FAILURES.

Financial Troubles Compel Several Firms in Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 19.—D. W. C. Carroll has made an assignment of all his property, real, personal and mixed, valued at several hundred thousand dollars, to John Binford, for the benefit of his creditors. The limited partnership now operating the Fort Pitt Boiler Works, under the firm name of D. W. Carroll & Co., limited, is not affected, the partners state, by this assignment.

Henry M. Breckenridge, of Harrison township, vinegar manufacturer, has assigned to J. Erastus McElvy, for the benefit of his creditors. The chief item in the schedule is 617 acres of ground in Harrison township. Judgments aggregating $15,000 have been entered against Breckenridge, and executions issued. The assignee states the creditors will be paid in full.

A declaration has been filed in the case of the Penn Bank for the use of Assignee Warner against the directors of the defunct institution, in which damages are laid at $6,000,000. The suit, however, is simply the bringing up of the old question of re-liability in a new form, and in reality involves the amount of overdrafts only, which is less than $900,000.

LANCASTER, Pa., Jan. 19.—The banking house of Amos Henderson, one of the oldest in the county failed to open for business Saturday morning. Mr. Henderson died last Tuesday. An examination of the books showed that the bank was insolvent. The deposits are about $200,000, many being time deposits. The bank is believed to have been wrecked by stock speculation.

Funeral Services of Schuyler Colfax.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Jan. 19.—Shortly after eight o'clock Saturday morning the Colfax residence here was thrown open to give the friends of the late Mr. Colfax an opportunity to view the remains as they lay in state. At two o'clock the body was borne to the Reformed Church, where Rev. N. D. Williamson, Mr. Colfax's former pastor, conducted the funeral services. The seats in the auditorium were nearly all occupied by members of the Legislature and of the various societies of which the deceased was a member. After an eloquent sermon the procession, the largest ever seen in the city, took its way to the City Cemetery, where the remains were interred. A large body of Odd Fellows was in attendance.

Texas Cattle Dying of Hunger and Thirst.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 19.—Dispatches from Texas continue to report great loss of cattle and sheep by the late cold weather on many ranges in the northern and western part of the State. Great numbers of cattle have drifted southward till stopped by wire fencing running many miles east and west, and are now dying by hundreds, and even thousands, from hunger, thirst and cold. The loss is chiefly on ranges which had suffered from drought, grass and water being scarce and the cattle in poor condition. It is estimated that ten per cent. of the cattle and twenty per cent. of the sheep have perished.

Five Men Blown to Pieces.

TRENTON, Pa., Jan. 19.—Five men were killed by the explosion of a saw-mill boiler, near good Springs Station, between this place and Tower City, Saturday afternoon. The mill was owned by Abraham Ernst, and was located on the Schuylkill and Susquehanna branch of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad. The explosion is supposed to have been caused by a defect in the boiler. They killed number five. All the bodies were terribly mangled, and parts of them have been picked up four hundred and five hundred yards from the scene of the disaster.

Secretary Teller Nominated for Senator.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 19.—The Republican Senatorial caucus was held Saturday, and on a viva-voce vote Hon. Henry M. Teller, Secretary of the Interior, was nominated to succeed Senator Hill, the vote standing—Teller, 28; Tabor, 2; Hill, 1. Before the vote was announced sixteen Hill men left the caucus, declaring it had overriden all precedent in ordering a viva-voce vote, and that they would not be bound by its action.

Five Indians Found Frozen to Death.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 19.—Advices from the Kiowa Indian Reservation, Indian Territory, are to the effect that those Indians are in a distressed and suffering condition. Five members of this tribe, evidently a hunting party, were found frozen to death some forty miles north of Wichita Falls Friday evening.

IN CONGRESS.

A Forecast of the Business Laid Out by Both Houses for the Coming Week.

The Calendar Crowded with Work and Only Thirty-Seven Working Days Left of the Session.

The Arkansas Senatorship—The Reagan Bill in the Senate—Saturday's Work in the House.

THE WEEK'S BUSINESS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—In the House of Representatives to-day is the day for the monthly call of committees for motions to suspend the rules. The call rests with the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and Representative Hitt intends to move the passage of his bill, reported this session, to provide for the exercise of jurisdiction by consular courts. Among the motions to be offered in behalf of other committees are the following: Indian affairs—To pass the bill providing for the allotment of Indian lands in severalty. Labor—To pass the bill prohibiting contracts for the labor of United States prisoners.

The time to be devoted to legislative business in the House on Tuesday will be short. During the early part of the day the Committee on Elections intends to call up the contested-election case of Massey vs. Wise of Virginia. On the same day the committee will probably report the contested cases of McLean (Rep.) vs. Broadhead (Dem.), of Missouri, and Fredericks (Dem.), vs. Wilson (Rep.), of Iowa. The report will be in favor of Broadhead and Fredericks. The committee intends to call them up for consideration as soon thereafter as possible.

Of the fourteen annual appropriation bills not one has yet become a law. The Military Academy Appropriation bill has passed both Houses of Congress, but the House has refused to concur in the Senate amendments and the bill has been sent to the Conference Committee. Both the Pension and the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bills have passed the House and are now in the Senate Committee on Appropriations. The River and Harbor bill is in the House. The District of Columbia bill is ready to be reported by the House Appropriations Committee, and the Naval bill is under consideration. The Army, Post-office, Fortifications, Sundry Civil, Legislative, Executive, Judicial and Deficiency bills are still in course of preparation by the sub-committees. The Agricultural Appropriation bill is yet to be matured by the Committee on Agriculture. It is possible the Army, Navy and Post-office appropriation measures will be reported to the House during the week. If so, nearly the entire week will be taken up with their discussion. If, however, the committee be not able to report these bills, and an opportunity be offered for the consideration of other business, an effort will be made to secure a discussion of the sundry measures which have been pending for some time, among them the Mexican Pension bill and the Educational bill.

In the Senate to-day will be devoted to eulogies of the late Senator Anthony. Twelve Senators have announced their purposes to speak. It is probable the remainder of the week will be consumed in the consideration of the Inter-State Commerce bill and the Nicaraguan treaty. Should the Inter-State Commerce bill be disposed of or be displaced Senator Coke will endeavor to secure consideration of the bill to provide for the improvement of the channel between Galveston harbor and the Gulf of Mexico. Following this in the list of special orders are the Texas Pacific Forfeiture bill and Senator Van Wyck's bill to declare certain railroad-grant lands subject to taxation. The first measure to be considered in the morning hour is the bill to quiet title in settlers on the Des Moines River lands in Iowa.

There are thirty-seven working days of the session remaining. Of these, under the rules, five Mondays will be devoted to the introduction of bills, motions to suspend, and to the District of Columbia; five Fridays to private bills; two days—January 20 and 26 to eulogies; February 12 to counting the electoral votes, and February 21 to the Washington monument ceremonies, making a total of fourteen. To these add the last six days of the session, when motions to suspend the rules are in order, and it will be seen that all but seventeen of the remaining days of the Congress are pre-empted. Besides the eleven remaining appropriation bills there are on the calendars of the House over three hundred bills for general legislation, five hundred private bills, in addition to nearly three hundred Senate bills on the Speaker's table that have not even been referred to committees. It looks every day more like an extra session, the protestations of Senators and members to the contrary notwithstanding.

The following figures will give an indication of how the time of the House and Senate has been spent since the beginning of the session: The House had, up to Friday night, been in session 130 hours and six minutes, and had furnished material for 1,273 columns of the *Congressional Record*, while the Senate had been in session 102 hours and furnished but 593 columns for the *Record*.

THE ARKANSAS SENATORS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—It is pretty certain that on the 4th of March there will be two vacancies in the Senatorial representation from Arkansas. Senator Walker says he has explicitly declined to be a candidate for re-election, and he is perfectly confident that his colleague, Senator Garland, has an assured place in Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet. Representatives Dunn and Jones are the most prominent candidates for the succession in the Senate. Both of them are members-elect of the Forty-ninth Congress, and have been somewhat prominent in the present Congress. Senator Garland's term does not expire until 1889.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The Inter-State Commerce bill was taken up in the Senate Saturday, and after a long debate Mr. Slater's amendment to prohibit higher rates for a short haul than a long one was defeated—yeas, 11; nays, 32. Senator Allison's amendment was agreed to, increasing the number of Commissioners from five to nine, and providing that one shall come from each judicial district of the United States. Senator Pugh's amendment, limiting the powers of the Commissioners to the specifications of the bill, was also agreed to. The Reagan bill was taken up, and Senator Cullom moved to amend it by striking out all after the enacting clause, and substituting therefor the Senate bill. To this Senator Vest objected, and pending discussion the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

The House on Saturday went into Committee of the Whole on the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bill. Mr. Townshend was ruled out of order in offering a resolution to request the President to invite the co-operation of the Governments of American nations in securing the establishment of a commercial league to be known as the "Customs Union of America." Mr. Cox, of New York, regretted the rule. The remedy for the present business depression was continental reciprocity. Mr. Dorsheimer favored reciprocity and hoped the Spanish, Mexican and Nicaraguan treaties would be ratified. The rights of America at the Isthmus of Panama were too great for it not to assume control of the canal. Mr. Hiscock said it was generally understood that the policy of the next Administration was the development of the agricultural resources of the country. The present depression was due to vicious legislation. After further discussion as to the policy of the present and the incoming Administrations the committee arose and the bill passed.

WAR OF EMIGRANT RATES.

From New York to Europe for Less Than $10, and to Chicago for $1.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—The ocean steamship lines have announced a reduction in rates for steerage passage to $10. This is the lowest point yet reached. The present war of rates has arisen from the action of the conference composed of the North German Lloyd, Red Star, Rotterdam, Thingvalla and Florio Steamship lines in attempting to compel the Hamburg-American Packet Company to enter the conference. One of the companies making a $10-dollar rate is said to be paying out to each passenger carried $1.5 for bedding and eating utensils, $2.50 to provisions during the trip, $4.50 for railroad fare from European seaport to inland destination. The opinion prevails that the present war will have the tendency to induce other lines to enter the conference which will result within a few weeks in the resumption of paying rates. The principal topic of interest at Castle Garden has been the sweeping reduction of railroad rates. The Pennsylvania Railroad ticket office is selling tickets to Chicago for $1; to St. Louis for $2, to San Francisco for $35, to New Orleans for $15.50, and to other points at proportional reduction of rates. These tickets are issued only to immigrants.

The Panama Canal.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Nathaniel McKay, formerly one of the leading shipbuilders of the country, has recently visited Panama. He reports that the Panama Canal is progressing amazingly and that in five years it will be completed. Laborers are being imported in large numbers from the West Indies and a quantity of machinery is being brought from Scotland to assist in digging the canal after it has reached water level. The deepest cut is between two and three hundred feet. The earth excavated has to be carried miles away. It will probably cost $200,000,000 to complete the canal. Mr. McKay thinks that the De Lesseps people will have to take charge of the cities along the line.

End of Brakemen's Strike.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Jan. 19.—The strike of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago brakemen came to end last night. The company came to terms with the strikers, agreeing to employ every man who desired positions, though many refused. The double-header system will continue as formerly. The men are yet bitter against the company, and especially are they arrayed against the Brotherhood of Engineers and Conductors, who agreed to go into the strike and then went back on their word. The warrants which were issued for the arrest of the ringleaders will not be served.

Destruction of Rubber Works.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—The works of the Chicago Rubber-Clothing Company, corner of Seventy-fifth street and Stony Island avenue, Grand Crossing, were destroyed by Saturday morning. The building was a one-story frame structure. Besides the building 12,000 yards of rubber cloth and a large quantity of rubber coats were destroyed. The roads were so blocked with snow that the fire-engines could not get to the works until it was too late to save them. The loss is $12,000; insured. The company will rebuild at once.

A Ruined Tunnel.

NEWARK, O., Jan. 19.—The Bristol Tunnel, on the Shawnee Division of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, fired some days since, is still one solid mass of flames. The officers of the company, after plastering it up, opened the south end Friday, and found, instead of the flames being smothered, they had spread with alarming rapidity, and it was concluded to make no further efforts to suppress the flames.

Charged with Libel.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 19.—A. K. McClure, of the Philadelphia *Times*, arrived in this city Saturday night. He was met at the depot by a Deputy United States Marshal, who served papers on him in a non-suit for libel brought by the Louisiana Lottery Company. The damages are placed at $100,000.

Counterfeiters Captured.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 19.—In a cabin near Bourbon, this State, three young men named William Florry, Charles Hoover and Milton McPherson were arrested Friday night charged with counterfeiting and "shoving the queer." Metal dies and spurious coins were found in large quantities.

Will Be Able to Keep the Wolf from the Door.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—Judge Tuley has decided to allow the widow of the late Wilbur F. Story six hundred dollars a month for the present. He also granted an allowance of sixty dollars a month to Anson L. Storey, and a like amount to Mrs. Farrand.

Carter Harrison's Position.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—Mayor Harrison states that he shall withdraw from the Senatorial contest unless the present wrangle at Springfield is quickly adjusted. If all the Democrats agree to go into caucus, he will be a candidate.

Dr. Carver's Success.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 19.—At 9:48 Saturday evening Dr. Carver finished his great task of hitting 60,000 glass balls in six days. The score was: Shots, 64,881; misses, 4,865; and hits, 60,016.

Death in the Sanctuary.

TAUNTON, Mass., Jan. 19.—Harrison Tweed dropped dead in his pew in a Baptist Church yesterday. He was a State Senator in 1868 and 1879, and a Presidential Elector in 1873.

Work to Be Resumed.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—The North Chicago rolling-mills will this morning resume operations with twelve hundred workmen, at a reduction of seven to fifteen per cent. in wages.

At Huntington, on the borders of Idaho and Oregon, a gang of gamblers and cut-throats have become desperate and threatened citizens with personal violence if requests for money or food are refused. The desperadoes have been ordered to leave, but hastily armed themselves and still defy the authorities. It is feared that a serious collision will occur.

STILL ON TOP

J. R. RACE & CO

The Leading Gents' Furnishers and Clothiers offer

EXTRAORDINARY LOW BARGAINS

IN

Holiday Goods,

Including the largest line of Silk Handkerchiefs, fine silk and cashmere Mufflers ever shown in the city. An elegant variety of plush and silk neckwear in the latest styles and shapes. If you want to make a present, buy one of our fine silk umbrellas. Examine them and you will say they are the finest.

Overcoat Tumble

Men's OVERCOATS from $2.50 to the finest made. Boys' Overcoats in proportion. Our line of Business and Dress Suits Can Not be Surpassed. The papers are full of BOGUS, GREAT MARK DOWNS, SHERIFF SALES, BANKRUPT STOCKS, Etc., Etc., But can you tell if they are Bogus or Square?

J. R. RACE & CO.

Are Responsible for what they SAY or DO and you take no chances. Goods purchased of us are guaranteed to give satisfaction. Our

Merchant Tailoring Department

Is complete. If you want a nobby and stylish suit or overcoat made to order, call on us and we will please you. Come in and see us and you will be convinced that we sell Good Straight Goods for Less Money than any house in Decatur.

All Goods exchanged with pleasure if not satisfactory to purchaser

J. R. RACE & CO.

Responsible Clothiers and Gents' Furnishers.

129 & 135 Water St., Decatur, Ill.

FIVE DAYS LONGER ONLY!

NET COST SALE!

—OF—

Dry Goods.

—AND—

60 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR

—FOR—

Cloaks and Millinery

You can't afford to miss this sale. Prints, Ginghams, Dress Goods, Flannels, Muslins, Hosiery, Leggings,

ALL AT NET COST!

S. G. HATCH & BRO.

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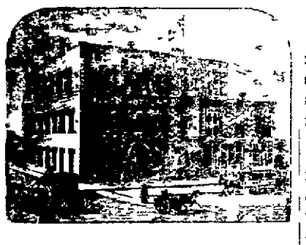


PALACE HOTEL.

143 and 153 S. Main st.

Decatur, Illinois.

Entirely remodeled and refitted. It is now one of the most thoroughly equipped hotels in this section of the State. Large comfortable rooms, with new and elegant furniture. No pains will be spared to make guests comfortable and to feel at home.

RATES, $1.50 to $2.00 Per Day

A Free Bus will be run to all trains. The attention of Traveling Men is called to our accommodations.

Special rates to theatrical Companies.

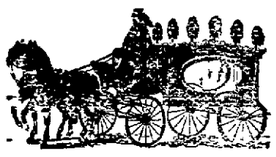
N. LAUX, Proprietor.

P. PERL

EMBALMER

—AND—

Funeral Director



140, 142, 144, 146 South Main St.
28dwly TELEPHONE 53

COME AND LOOK!

And you will find as good a stock of useful and fancy goods to suit you, as you will find in a day's journey.

I am not bragging when I say that these goods are as good as any man keeps, and will be sold at as small a profit as any firm can live at. I offer no baits, but do a fair and square, honest business. Your child can buy as cheap as you can.

I have just received and got open my stock of presents for the holidays and can furnish you presents for the lady and the baby, and for the old gent and the young buck, for the girl and the boy, at all prices. It will pay you to purchase early. Now do not forget the place. Call early at the

DECATUR FAIR!

223 North Main Street,

For good goods cheap.

JOHN F. DANIELS, Prop't

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

VIRGINIA FARMS & MILLS For Sale & Exchange. FREE Catalogue. R. H. CHAPPIN & CO., Richmond, Va.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease, by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

FITS A Leading physician in Office in New York. From Am. Journal of Med "Dr. Ab. Meser le, who has expended [illegible] has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any other living physician. His success has simply been astonishing, we have heard of over 30 persons lately cured by him. He guarantees a cure! A large bottle and Treatise sent free. Give P. O. and Express address to Dr. AB. MESEROLE, No 96 John St., N. York.

Parker's Tonic.

A Pure Family Medicine that Never Intoxicates.

If you are a mechanic or farmer worn out with over work or a mother run down by family or household duties try PARKER'S TONIC.

If you have Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney or Urinary Complaints or if you are troubled with any disorder of the lungs stomach bowels blood or nerves, you can be cured by PARKER'S TONIC.

If you are wasting away from age, disipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take PARKER'S TONIC at once, it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives, it may save yours.

CAUTION!—Refuse all substitutes. Parker's Tonic is composed of the best remedial agents in the world, and is entirely different from preparations of ginger alone. Send for circular.

HISCOX & CO.,

163 William Street, New York.

50c and $1 sizes at all dealers in medicines. Great saving in buying a dollar size.

THE REVIEW

JACK & WISE, Proprietors

THE North Chicago rolling mills resumed operations yesterday with some twelve hundred men, but with a reduction of from 7 to 15 per cent. from former wages

AN exchange is of the opinion that if Clarkson, the calumniator of St. John, had sold out to the democrats the republicans would have had some chance of electing their man!

THE St. John controversy loses none of its interest. There is a great deal of wild talk about an effort on St. John's part to be "seduced," but this does not improve the reputation of the managers of the republicans who had seduction in their hearts, before the Ohio election, at least.

THE Oliver Chilled Plow Co., of South Bend, Ind., is having an ugly strike on its hands, because of a large reduction of wages. The military have been called out, and there is great loss to employers and men. This company, a few days before the election, told the men that if Cleveland was elected, one-half of them would be necessarily discharged, and the wages of the others would be reduced. They were left to infer what was wanted, and to act accordingly. The election passed, Cleveland was elected, and the reduction came, followed by a strike and its dire consequences. Now the company publish a statement that they are overstocked with goods; their warehouses are full and orders are few; hence the reduction. This is probably the truth, but that it would have been different with Mr. Blaine's success, no reasonable man believes. They threatened the exercise of private [illegible] and dismissal and reductions, and naturally lost the confidence and sympathy of their men. They sowed the wind, they are reaping the whirlwind, and in gathering their harvest they have not much sympathy from the public.

THE appointment of three members of the railway and warehouse commissioners will be one of the most important acts Gov Oglesby will have to perform. The duties of this commission require men of rare good judgment and of personal integrity beyond all question. They are not appointed to protect the railroads against the people, but to see that the railroads do justice to the people and to each other. They especially need to be honest men, or if not, they will soon be under suspicion of having been influenced by the railroads. Gov Oglesby may, or may not, think that he can find a man of this character among the democrats, he may think that only in his own party can the proper men be found. But what ever may be his notions in this particular, it is hoped that he will appoint the best men that can be induced to accept.

We learn that Gen Rinaker, of Carlinville, would probably accept the position tendered. Could the commission be made up of men of his ability and character, it would at once rise above its present position—that of a place in which to put political creditors.

Farmers' Excursion to New Orleans.

The Illinois Central railroad will run a Farmers' excursion to New Orleans and the World's Exposition, leaving Decatur at 5 45 p. m. January 27, 1885. Fare for the round trip, $17 60. Return tickets good for sixty days. To enable this party to visit the prairie region of Louisiana, a special low rate excursion will be run from New Orleans to Jennings, passing through the finest sugar and rice districts of the whole south, and giving the northwestern farmers a view of the south such as cannot be had in any other way. Coaches will run through to New Orleans without change, and we suggest, as a means of comfort and economy, that each person provide himself with a blanket, also a coffee pot and well filled lunch basket. Parties desiring sleeping car accommodations must apply to me not later than January 20th, and in every instance accompany the application with price of both. For full particulars apply to the undersigned at Manchester, Iowa.

J. F. MERRY, Gen. West Pass. Agt.
j13dtdwl

Change of Business

The undersigned having sold our restaurant, at No. 114 North Water street, to Messrs. Crosthwait Bros., would respectfully ask for them a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon her.—[MRS. C. J. MARCOTT.

The restaurant business will be continued by the undersigned at the same place, under the firm name of Crosthwait Bros., and will be under the immediate control and management of L. L. Crosthwait. We respectfully ask a share of the patronage of the public.—[CROSTHWAIT BROS.
j11d1w

Goodness!

Excellence, preciousness, rareness, transcendence, deliciousness, daintiness, agreeableness, attractiveness, sweetness, exquisite, lovely, tony, dandy, comfortable and cheap are those ladies shoes at

L. L. FERRISS & Co.

Salvation by Baptism.

[Sermon by ELDER NEWCOMER, Preached at Bethel January 17 1885.]

TEXT.—For Christ Sent Me not to Baptize, but to Preach the Gospel. I Cor I–17

Paul evidently meant that baptism was not the chief work of his mission; that the preaching of the gospel was a paramount work which Christ sent him to do. He did baptize, therefore did not oppose it. Men may be lost for refusing to be baptized; not because it is one of the conditions of pardon, but because a refusal to obey may become rebellion against God's law, just as disobedience to the requirements of the Decalogue may become rebellion against God's sovereignty and right to command. If baptism remits sin, it inducts us into God's kingdom. If it is the climax of pardon, it is the completion of that work; and therefore always absolutely necessary to remission.

It therefore means:

1. The salvation of the soul.

Remission must mean salvation. God has never forgiven a sinner with whom he did not abide in loving fellowship.

2. If baptism means remission and consequent salvation, it would be the thing above all others which God's ministers are sent to do.

3. Paul either did not believe this was God's will, or he did not understand his own message.

I THE REMISSION OF SIN BY BAPTISM.

We refer you to St. John iii–5: "Verily, verily, I say unto thee, except a man be born of water and of the Spirit, he cannot enter into the kingdome of God."

We do not believe that Christ refers here to baptism at all, for the reasons:

1. In Christ's subsequent conversation with Nicodemus He mentions the new birth twice, as being "born of the Spirit, entirely omitting the word "water."

2. Spirit cannot be reached by a literal element.

Spirit controls water, and not vice versa. The Spirit of God brooded over matter in creation, which by the way was "water," and He evolved the beauty of completed creation from chaos. God created man, but the physical was unable to move until God breathed into him the breath of life. The tongues of fire at Pentecost were produced by the Spirit of God. In man, the normal condition is that his spirit controls the body.

3. Christ rebuked Nicodemus for blind literalism.

What was his mistake? He supposed that the Spirit could be born of the flesh. Christ corrected his mistake when He said, "That which is born of the flesh is flesh, and that which is born of the Spirit is spirit." In rebuking Nicodemus, Christ rebuked all who think the spirit can be born of that which is not Spirit. The supposition is as unphilosophical as it is unscriptural.

4. A parallel passage is found in Eph., v–26. "That he might sanctify and cleanse it, (the church) with the washing of water by the word." The word is the emanation of the Spirit, God conjointly with Him. Cleanses men. The term "water" in both instances is therefore symbolical of the word, and its effects on the human heart.

II. We now refer you to Acts, ii–37. We hold that the persons here referred to were converted by the Spirit and word, before they were baptized.

1. They were pricked in their hearts—convicted for sin.

2. They repented, which means a heart state of the most pungent sorrow for past sin, reformation for the present and abondonment of sin for the future. While in this state of mind, prostrated with a sense of guilt, Peter preached "many other words" unto them. What were these "other words?" We do not know, but we can reasonably infer from the effect produced on the minds of his auditor. They gladly received these "other words," which clearly shows a change of heart state from their former anguish and sorrow.

Then they were baptized.

3. The word "for" is frequently alluded to as the emphatic declaration of an absolute necessity. We demur, because such an interpretation conflicts with the whole tenor of the word. In Mark i–40, the same word is used referring to the cleansing of a leper, when the cleansing had taken place before the word "for" was uttered by the Saviour, and the sense in which it was used was "in token of," which is evidently the sense in which the word is used in Acts.

II THE FALLACY AND BLINDNESS OF THE THEORY.

1. Christ Forgives sin. In Matt i–6, He declares that the Son of Man hath power on earth to forgive sins. He has the power to do it, and that on earth.

2. He did forgive sins without baptism. Baptism is therefore not an absolute necessity to the remission of sin, because it has been forgiven without it.

3. The divinity in Christ must forgive sin, since the divine law has been violated, and the author and executor of said law is the only power qualified to pardon its violators.

4. Has He lost His divinity since His ascent? If He has not, has He not power still to forgive sins on earth?

5. If baptism is the only way to Christ's forgiveness, what becomes of those sins committed after baptism? Will it be said that if any man sin he hath an advocate with the Father? Truly. If any man sin; this meets all cases, and gives but one law of pardon. If it be held that baptism remits sin, it involves the introduction of different laws of pardon.

6. Christ must communicate His forgiveness directly to the believer in order to insure supreme love to God. No one can love God with the whole heart unless the heart is changed and brought into fellowship with God.

II. Examples—Cornelius' family. Acts x–47.

1. Peter preached.

2. The Holy Ghost fell on all.

3. They were baptized because they had received the Holy Ghost.

If we attach the meaning to the word "for" used in Acts II, which baptismal remissionists do, Peter was mistaken in this instance, when he makes the reception of the Holy Spirit the antecedent and preparation of the ordinance.

4. If Peter ever preached that baptism procures the gift of the Holy Ghost he now reverses that gospel; and these theorists must settle with Peter instead of attacking us.

III. The eunuch. Acts viii–37.

1. He believed that Jesus Christ is the Son of God.

2. He believed with the whole heart.

This includes the mind, spirit and affections.

3. He could not do this as a natural man, since the natural man receiveth not the things of the Spirit of God; for they are foolishness unto him. I Cor. ii–14.

4. He could not say what he did say savingly, without first having the Spirit of God; for He declares, That no man can say that Jesus is the Lord, but by the Holy Ghost! I Cor. xii–3.

5. To say it with the intellect merely would place our faith no higher than that of devils, for they believe that Christ is the Son of God, and tremble.

6. Christ's divinity as a Saviour can only be revealed to the heart by God Himself. Read Matt xxi–18.

Here Christ tells Peter that flesh and blood did not reveal Him as the Christ of God, but the Father had revealed it. If men cannot say that Christ is the Son of God without the previous illumination of the Holy Spirit—and God so declares—what moral blindness it implies to attempt to extort such a confession from men, morally blind and dead!

IV. The Kingdom of God cometh not with observation. Luke xvii–20.

1. Because internal—within you.

2. If baptism remits sin, the Kingdom of God does come then, with observation; convicting Christ of misrepresentation. If water baptism is not observable, there is some hope for these theorists, but otherwise their position is wholly untenable.

V. The Spirit's cleansing work must come first. Matt. xxiii–26.

1. The Pharisees began on the outside.

2. Christ said they were blind—natural men.

3. He told them to begin within.

4. They must cleanse the inside first.

5. Cleansing means forgiveness, and if no one but God can forgive sin, that work must be done before we begin externally. If we do external rites to cleanse from internal sin we are blind, according to the highest testimony which a sinful world can have.

CONCLUSION.

The redeemed know more than we do about these disputed questions.

1. They give all the glory of their salvation to Christ. Rev. i–5.

2. They say that He washed them—not baptism.

3. That He washed them in His own blood—not water.

4. If baptism shares in this washing, the redeemed are either forgetful or ungrateful for not mentioning it.

5. If we cannot give baptism the credit or any part thereof it heaven, is it safe to do so now?

No more deceptive, emasculated apology for the gospel of Christ can be preached, than this theory of baptismal remission. Like universalism, it wrests the Scriptures to the destruction of men. We have known a number who have imbibed the theory, but in after years were converted to God, when they denounced the theory as the blinded and perverted gospel of men. Let us stand upon the Rock, and the sin cleansing blood, having faith in what Christ did for us, and not in what we do for Him.

Underwear, Hosiery and Corsets

Now, as always, form an important feature and comprise a large part of our stock. We carry, without doubt, the best assorted and largest stock of them of any house in Decatur. We can afford and do undersell the best competition in the central part of the state.

Big 18 CHEAP STORE.

THE greatest foe of American people is consumption; its victims number many thousands each year. Physicians and druggists have at last found a remedy which they feel justified in recommending. This is Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure, which cures consumption in stages that other remedies are of no benefit. It cures coughs, colds and all throat and lung diseases speedily and safely. Price, 50 cents and $1. Trial bottles free.

18 Ladies'

Satin circulars, fur trimmed, elegant quality, worth, good value, $20. We offer them at just (½) half—that is, $10.

Big 18 CHEAP STORE
j9dw

For Sale

Having traded for other property, I will sell my house and lot, No. 318 North Main street. House of 9 rooms in good repair, cellar, well and cistern; also small stable and coal sheds. Lot 66x152 feet. Very desirable location. Close to business part of the city. Terms easy; price, reasonable.

THOS. A. PRITCHETT.

Office No. 156 Merchant St.
Jan8d&w1w

Dress Goods, Etc., Etc.

We have an elegant stock of all grades, styles and qualities of dress goods, cashmeres, silks, plaid and plain dress flannels, velvets and dress goods fabrics of every make and color in the land. Look at, examine and price them—for which we charge you nothing.

Big 18 CHEAP STORE.
j9dw

Tax Notice.

I have received the tax books, and am now ready to receive payment for taxes. Call at my office, over Gorin, Dawson & Co's bank, entrance from Merchant street side.—[CHAS. C. RADCLIFF, Collector. j10d2w

CIRCUIT CO. ST.

Proceedings of the Forty-eighth Day, Judge C. E. Smith, Presiding.

PEOPLE VS. [illegible]

People vs. J. [illegible] Charles F. Hiest [illegible] Charles F. Miller and Charles [illegible] not guilty. Nolle pros qui entered as to Langdon and continued as to Miller and Tellerton by agreement.

People vs. Richard Carter—larceny. Defendant arraigned and pleads not guilty. Trial by jury. Verdict not guilty.

People vs. Daniel W. Jones appellant—appeal. Appeal dismissed for want of prosecution and procedendo.

People vs. Fred Knesper—burglary and larceny. Trial by jury.

People vs. Charles E. Eskridge and John Nichols—burglary and larceny. Defendant John Nichols arraigned and pleads not guilty. Defendant Charles E. Eskridge pleads not guilty.

People vs. Charles E. Eskridge and John Nichols—burglary and larceny. Defendants arraigned and plead not guilty.

People vs. Charles E. Eskridge and John Nichols—burglary and larceny. Defendants arraigned and pleads not guilty.

People vs. James Clark and Frank Sullivan—burglary and petit larceny. Defendants arraigned and plead not guilty.

People vs. John S. Campbell and Michael McGinty—selling liquor to a minor. Michael McGinty's recognizance $300 with D. W. Brenneman as surety.

People vs. Frank Shaffer and David Leroy—gaming. Defendants arraigned and plead guilty to 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 count and nolle as to other. Fined $10 on each count and to stand committed until fine and costs are paid.

People vs. Charles Potter and Teddy Corcoran—larceny. Trial by jury pending. Attorneys Buckingham and Lee are defending the youngsters, who are about fourteen years old. They are charged with stealing fancy pigeons from Adam Blenz.

CHANCERY.

Sarah A. Betzer and Mary J. Likens vs. Rebecca Betzer et al—chancery. Death of Rebecca Betzer set aside and leave to make her administrator part defendant.

Henry Davis vs. William Morgan—foreclosure. Dismissed by complainant.

Joseph Mills and William B. Harry vs. Frank Dennis et al—mechanic's lien. Decree pro confesso vs. defendant and referred to master.

George Livingston vs. Magdalene Livingston—divorce. Rule for temporary alimony denied and leave to file an amended answer by this morning.

Isaphene Fox et al vs. Lydia E. Craig—chancery. Solicitor's fee fixed at $250.

COMMON LAW.

Harvey W. Downing vs. John Thomas—trespass. Motion for a new trial overruled. Judgment on verdict. Appeal prayed and allowed. Bill of exceptions to be filed in twenty days and bond of $3 000 in thirty days.

Oyster Supper, Quilting and Festival.

The W. C. T. Union will give an entertainment on the night of Thursday, Jan. 22nd, at the tabernacle. There will be a few recitations from some of our excellent young elocutionists, and there will be hot oysters, ice cream and cake. A memorial quilt with many names upon it has been prepared to be quilted on that night by the skilled in the art. More names are solicited for the quilt, as is also your patronage. Come, expecting to have a good social time. Admission 10 cents.

S. SECRETARY.

County Court.

The following claims were allowed in the county court yesterday against the estate of Jacob Troutman, deceased: D. H. Heilman $102 79; V. H. Parke, $56 45; H. E. Foster $109 07; E. S. Bacon [illegible] $69 10; Thomas W. McClain, $126 56; Montgomery & Shull $2950; Linn & Scruggs, $74 72; V. L. Meek $104 04; and Peck & Chamberlain, $19 62.

Affidavits of publication were made in the estates of Leonard Cazalet, Jacob Troutman and Jos. Seidler.

Underwear and Hosiery.

Ladies, men's and children's in all grades, kinds and qualities, and about half actual value. We will quote the prices to you when we place the goods before you.

Big 18 CHEAP STORE.
j20d&w1w

Progressive

Push on, go ahead, press forward, advancing, undeviating driving, impulsive, resolute, sleepless, tireless, dashing prompt pay, bold, skilful, constant, energetic, patient, confident, modern and enterprising shoe store of L. L. FERRISS & Co.

THE average length of life is on the increase. The science of medicine has made great progress; many diseases are now controlled that were formerly thought incurable. The greatest discovery is Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure, which cures consumption in stages that other remedies are of no benefit. Coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, and all throat and lung diseases speedily and safely cured. Price, 50 cents and $1. Trial bottles free.

Hosiery, underwear, gloves, nubias, mitts, etc., etc., at prices more liberal and lower than anybody's.

BIG 18 CHEAP STORE
j3d&w1w

Attention Coal Consumers

If you want coal that will not fill your stove with clinkers, try George Ehrhart, telephone 139. j4tf

Gent's Fashionable

Calf sewed $3 shoe. None genuine without L. L. Ferris & Co's name stamped on the sole. Don't pay $4 50 any more at other stores. Truly millennium has come.

Coal! Wood! Coal!

George Ehrhart has a full supply of hard and soft coal, and wood at his yard, north of Shellabarger's mill. 18d

Attention.

Parties wishing to haul their own coal can get it as cheap at my yard as at the shaft.

j4tf GEO. W. EHRHART

REMEMBER J. W. BAKER'S NEW SHOE STORE ON MERCHANT STREET, BETWEEN LYON'S GROCERY AND COLE'S DRUG STORE. j8d&wtf

A. D. BRIDGMAN, M. D.

Office and residence 1221 North Illinois St. Call at office or Telephone No. 344.

School Report.

Report of White Hall school for the month ending January [illegible]

Daily average, 21. The following were present every day: Ethel Bohrer, Frank and Annie Cox, Cleveland Burn, Charles Foster, Mertie and Chisworth Flood, Thomas and Ida Maddox, Fannie and Oliver Turpin.

Annie Foster made the most improvement on the previous month's marks. Visitors, 5. 28 minutes lost by tardiness. The parents are requested to visit the school.

Very respectfully,

THE TEACHER.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

DON'T SUFFER

LONGER WITH

RHEUMATISM OR NEURALGIA

Mr. M. C. Warn, Assistant Cashier Merchants' National Bank, Toledo, O., says:

"My little girl was cured of Rheumatism after having suffered about three months, by the use of ATHLOPHOROS. I recommend it to all suffering with this disease."

No medicine has ever been discovered that so quickly and surely cures these diseases as

ATHLOPHOROS

W. K. Smith, Kankakee, Ill., says.

"My wife has suffered with acute Rheumatism and Neuralgia for fifteen years. ATHLOPHOROS is the first medicine that ever gave her any thing but temporary relief. She has only taken two bottles, and feels it is a God send."

I. T. Smith, 164 Washington Street, Chicago, says.

"Have suffered with Rheumatism for five years. After using 2½ bottles of ATHLOPHOROS am entirely free from all pain."

If you cannot get ATHLOPHOROS of your druggist we will send it express paid, on receipt of regular price—one dollar per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he has it not do not be persuaded to try something else, but order at once from us as directed.

ATHLOPHOROS CO.

112 WALL ST, NEW YORK

OUR BARGAIN COLUMN.

WANTED—Everybody that is dissatisfied with their boarding-house, to call and try us, at No. 437 East William street. We guarantee satisfaction. Board and Lodging $4 00 per week, day board $3 50. We know what you want, and are prepared to furnish it. Good fare, plenty to eat, and good beds, with plenty of clean covers. TICHENOR & BROWN, Decatur, Ill.
Jan 16 1w

WANTED—A situation as house keeper for widower. Address C. L., No. 1416 North Calhoun street. Jan16d3t*

FOR SALE—At a bargain, two lots, 100 feet square in Dalton City, with good house of three rooms, never failing well inside of kitchen. Call on or address J. M. DRAPER, Dalton City, Illinois. 13 1w

WANTED.—To buy a second hand road cart, cheap. Address No. 545 West Wood St. j13 1w*

MONEY TO LOAN—$1,000 on real estate, Apply to MONTGOMERY & SHULL, Real Estate, Loan and Insurance Agents. j10d1w

FOR RENT.—Several good houses in all parts of the city. Apply to MONTGOMERY & SHULL, Real Estate Agents. j10d1w

WANTED. At the St. Nicholas Hotel, a good laundry woman. Apply immediately. j9d1w

EDITION No. 10 of "Compendium of Advertising" will be issued soon—2 000 copies. Rare chance for business men to place their wares before the public. Will call for copy. C. K. SPORE, Publisher. j0d1w

FOR SALE—A good farm of 80 acres, with abundance of fruit, in Jefferson county. Will exchange for property in Decatur. Address A. F. Willard, Illiopolis, Ill. j2d1w*

BERRY CORD, Tonsorial Artist, having fitted up a Barber Shop in Blue Mound, respectfully solicits a share of your patronage. Give him a call. Jan 12d&w1w

FOR SALE—Cheap, one mounted Ottawa corn sheller in good running condition, geared for horse or steam power. Apply at one to F. M. Pratt, Ullrich's block. d23d&w

FOR RENT—A new house of four rooms, with or without barn, at 709 East Wood street. Inquire on premises. dec24d1w

FOR RENT—Two good rooms in Rothfuss' Block, South side old Square, suitable for lodging rooms for business offices. Inquire of Dr. W. H. Lax, on the premises.

WANTED—Parents, wards and guardians to know there is nothing that can be of more service all through life than a practical Business Education. Call and read letters from prominent business men and former students endorsing the Central Business College. d16d1m

LAUNDRIES—Hop Hong's laundries, No. 152 South Main street and Basement room, under Cheap Charley's clothing store on the corner of Merchant and Main, Hart's old stand. Shirts, 10 cts., collars, 3 cts., cuffs, 5 cts a pair, underwear, 2 for 15 cts. Work every day. 12m6

FOR SALE—Lots in the Gault addition to Decatur, only seven blocks from the postoffice in high dry ground, for sale on easy terms, by M. G. Patterson, opera house block. n11tf

FARM FOR SALE—The northeast quarter of section 33, within half mile of the city limit of Lincoln, Douglas county. Inquire of Bundy & Wolverton, Lincoln, or G. Howell, Decatur. 11 o21 1m

WANTED—By V. H. Parke, custom for any kind of stock food. Hard and soft coal are kindling &c. He guarantees good quality and full weights. Prices as low as good material can be sold for. Deliver to any part of the city. Telephone No. 55. sept26dtf

FOR SALE.—By V. H. Parke Corn, oats, baled hay, baled straw, bran, shorts, New York dairy feed for milk cows, chop feed for horses, hard coal, soft coal, any kind of fire wood for kindling &c., at fair prices, delivered promptly. Telephone 55. Largest establishment of the kind in the city. Prices always reasonable. Adjoining the tabernacle. sept26tf

School Report.

Report of Dennison school for the month ending January 16th.

Number of pupils enrolled, 46. Average daily attendance, 41. Number of cases of tardiness, 3. Number of pupils neither absent nor tardy, Ida Bell Hall, Ella Hall, Ida Hall, Ella Hall, Ida Hall, Ella Hall, Ida

OUR

GREAT CLEARING SALE

Will Begin at Once.

UNPRECEDENTED BARGAINS!

In Silk, Cloth and Plush

CLOAKS!

SPECIAL REDUCTION

—IN—

Fancy Dress Goods,

Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Notions, Underwear, Flannels, Blankets, Yarns, Hoods, Nubias, and every description of winter goods.

Remnants

—OF—

BRUSSELS AND INGRAIN

CARPETS

Varying in length from one yard to quantities suitable for small rooms, at very low prices.

We shall add to our stock New, Fresh Goods every day, adapted to the wants of the present and coming season.

Our trade has NEVER been better than for the last 12 months, not withstanding the general depression in business throughout the entire country. And this extraordinary result can be traced to the fact that our stock is LARGE, varied, well assorted, and complete in all appointments, that we sell goods cheap, and that the people know it.

LINN & SCRUGGS!

Agents' Butterick's Patterns, the Old Dominion Buck Gloves, and the Hercules laundried and unlaundried Shirts.

THE REVIEW

TUESDAY, JAN 20, 1885.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

Dry stove wood at Geo Ehrhart's. 18d

Corn brings thirty-two cents a bushel at Havana.

Boys' all-wool flannel waists at B. Stine's. d6 tf

Lodging 25 cents, at Combs & Inman's. j11d&w1w

Choice bulk and canned oysters at Wood Bros'. d6dw

Nice mixed candies 15c per pound at Wood Bros'. d6dw

The best 25c. meal in Decatur at Leffingwell's old stand. j11d&w1w

Home made broken candy 20c per pound at Wood Bros'. d6dw

All-wool red flannel drawers. at B Stine's, 75 cents a pair d6-tf

A handsome line of candy boxes for the holidays at Wood Bros. d6dw

Oysters in all styles at Crosthwait Bros. restaurant, 114 N Water street.

Board and lodging at Combs & Inman's, 136S. Main street d&w1w

Fresh pies and cakes every day at Leffingwell's old stand. j11d&w1w

The Illinois Tile Makers' association will meet in Springfield this week.

Home made bread a specialty at Combs & Inman's, 136 South Main street. j11d&w1w

Gents' smoking jackets, the latest novelties for Christmas presents, at B. Stine's. d6-tf

Novelties in gents' smoking jackets just received for Christmas presents, at B. Stine's. d6-tf

The largest and best assortment of Christmas candies in the city at Wood Bros'. d6dw

Go to H. F. May & Bro, South Main street, for new honey—comb and extracted. 11d1w

George W. Ehrhart's coal yard and office is north of Shellabarger's mill, on Water street. d16dtf

"Fritz" Emmet and company leave this noon for Danville, where they appear this evening.

Book keeping is now taught at the Central Business College by the month or quarter. j18d&w

Dr. J. Brown will pay cash for a first-class horse. Must not weigh less than 1200 lbs. j20d2tw1t.

If you attend court this week, you should board with Combs & Inman, 136 South Main street. j11d&w1w

The best 25 cent meal and the best lunch in the city at Crosthwait Bros. restaurant, 114 North Water street.

When in need of coal or wood call on F. D. Caldwell and see what he can do for you. Telephone 306. d14 dtf

Maple sugar, Java coffee, nice uncanvassed hams, fresh eggs and butter at Peck & Co.'s. Opera Block j17 d1w

George Ehrhart can furnish you the best soft coal in town for $2 25 per ton delivered. Telephone 139 j4tf

Orders for Decatur coal taken at the shaft or at Armstrong's drug store. Orders promptly filled. Terms cash. dtf

Jurymen and witnesses can secure good board at reasonable prices, at Leffingwell's old stand, 136 S. Main street. d&w1w

Canned and bulk oysters and fresh celery at P. Ruebsamen & Co's at their new store next to Millikin's Bank N1—&f

Don't fail to see the "Rag Baby" company at the opera house on Thursday evening, with Frank Daniels as "Old Sport"

Read our continued story. It was written by a local author whose name promised not to divulge, and is worthy of perusal.

Leave orders at the St. Nicholas hotel for the Citizens' baggage wagon. All calls promptly attended to. Telephone No. 45. j1d1y

F. D. Caldwell can furnish you with coal or wood (all kinds) on short notice. Telephone 306. Always bottom prices. d14dtf

"So Near, and Yet so Far" is the name of a continued story, the publication of which is commenced in this issue. Don't miss it.

Several of the lady members of the J. K. Emmet troupe visited the rink yesterday afternoon and spent several hours learning to skate.

Mr. Thomas W. Berry, of Oakley, was prostrated by a stroke of paralysis one day last week, and is reported to be in a critical condition.

Pain from indigestion, dyspepsia, and too hearty eating is relieved at once by taking one of Carter's Little Liver Pills immediately after dinner. Don't forget this. j1d&w1m

St. John has come and gone, but Combs & Inman are still serving the best 25 cent meal in the city at Leffingwell's old stand. d&w1w

The revival meetings at the Christian church continue with good attendance and increasing interest. Services this evening at the usual hour.

Go to Wingate's lamp store and buy one of those steam washing machines, if you want to see the dirt roll out of your clothes without at all rubbing. a91

Mr. Berry Ford, a competent and popular barber and hair dresser, has opened a shop in Blue Mound, where he will be pleased to attend to the wants of customers. d1w

There was a happy family reunion at the residence of Mr. Ben Boynton on Sunday, at which his mother, Mrs. B J. Boynton, and sister, Mrs Rector, of Chicago, and brothers, H H. and Roe Boynton, and all the living members of the family except one sister were present, and as it was the first reunion for many years, it proved an exceedingly happy event, and one that will be remembered for years to come.

REMEMBER J. W. BAKER'S NEW SHOE STORE ON MERCHANT STREET, BETWEEN LYON'S GROCERY AND COLE'S DRUG STORE. 18d&wtf

Dan Sully, the happy Irish comedian, will fill a return engagement in this city on Friday evening, presenting for the second time this season, his "Corner Grocery."

Dan Sully, the great Irish comedian, will appear at the opera house shortly in the "Corner Grocery." He has appeared here once before this season and made a splendid impression.

An audience of 200 persons assembled at the tabernacle on Sunday afternoon and listened to a temperance address by Mrs. M. T. Wells of Indianapolis. She proved quite an entertaining speaker.

P. J. Drake has opened a fine stock of staple and fancy groceries and provisions at No. 156 South Main street—in the room formerly occupied by P. Ruebsamen & Co.—and solicits a share of public patronage. j8tf

DeWitt county won the sweepstakes in the show of sheep at the New Orleans exposition, and came out second on the best five wethers under two years old. The Taylor Bros, of Waynesville, were the men who carried off the laurels.

Charley Tooley, a driver on Mr. Priest's street railway, fell down stairs on Saturday evening and broke his right arm below the elbow. He is insured in the National Mutual Accident Company of Bloomington, and is entitled to $12 per week.

As soon as spring opens work will be commenced on the new packing house for Anthony & Kuhn's beer, for which Will Weber is agent in this city. The second story will be conveniently modeled, and will be occupied by Mr. Weber and family.

A Delavan paper says: "One of the many freaks of nature that occur on this mundane sphere may be seen in C. H. Kingman's pasture His Jersey cow has twin calves, one a perfect Jersey and the other a fine specimen of the Durham breed."

In Bloomington any resident of the city can secure for $1 a peddler's license for three months The city council there has been granting these licenses regardlessly, and the result is the city is over run with peddlers, and the citizens are pestered to death.

Peter Kenney, a pauper at the county poor house, died on Sunday of heart disease, at the age of fifty years. His body was turned over to an elder of the Dunkard church for burial, he having come to the farm from the Dunkard settlement near Oakley.

Prof. Eckhart's Italian harp band, accompanied by C. H. Kepley on his violin, furnished splendid music for a party of fifteen couples on Saturday evening, at the newly remodeled home of Wm. Byers, on North Church street. Dancing was kept up until a late hour.

The members of the Universalist church will have a sociable at the residence of Rev. D. L. Bunn this evening. They will meet at the residence of Dr. Cass Chenoweth, at 7 o'clock, where sleighs will be in readiness to convey them out to Mr. Bunn's residence.

Give your boy a practical business education, and you leave him a fortune. Call and read letters from former students endorsing the Central Business College, who are now holding responsible positions. Book keeping can be taken by the month or quarter. j18d&w1w

REMEMBER J. W. BAKER'S NEW SHOE STORE ON MERCHANT STREET, BETWEEN LYON'S GROCERY AND COLE'S DRUG STORE. j8d&wtf

WANTED—A purchaser for $2,600 worth of Long Creek township bonds, issued June 1. 1884, payable in 1, 2, 3, and 4 years, with interest at 6 per cent per annum, payable annually. Will be sold so that purchaser may realize 8 per cent. on his investment. Inquire at this office.

Better sleighing has seldom been seen in this state than at present, and every person who owns or can hire a cutter, is having a glorious time As is always the case when enjoying a pleasant sleigh ride, horses have to suffer. In the excitement of the sport those participating in it do not realize how hard they really are on the horses.

In this issue of the REVIEW we commence the publication of an interesting continued story under the title of "So Near, and Yet so Far." Just how far or how near, or what the gist of the story is, we can't say from personal perusal, but our literary and romance editor pronounces it par excellence, and we have no doubt but what our readers will find it such, as the person referred to is a superior judge in matters of this character.

The New York Graphic speaks of "A Rag Baby" as follows: "A new farcical play by Mr C. H. Hoyt, the author of 'A Bunch of Keys,' called A Rag Baby,' was produced at the theatre last night by a company of excellent artists, and if shouts of laughter and boisterous applause are evidences of its fun-making qualities, certainly it was a great success. It is supposed to be a satire on the drug business and the sporting craze, and is lavishly interpersed with songs and dances." It will be produced here on Thursday evening, with Frank Daniels in the leading character of "Old Sport." Any person who ever saw Daniels with the "Jollities" will know what to expect in "A Rag Baby" Prices of admission 35, 50 and 75 cents.

CONTRACTED FOR COAL.

The Decatur Company Secures the Prize—Other Municipal Matters.

An adjourned meeting of the city council was held last evening, and was one of unusual interest and importance, as the coal contract was let and two ordinances were disposed off which will give us a paved street to the depot. Mayor Lake was in the chair and all the aldermen were present. After roll call the following business was transacted:

Aldermen Lake, Roberts and Diehl, members of the water committee, to whom was referred the superintendent of water works' report, of the test made a few days ago of Decatur and Pana coal and their relative qualities, submitted a voluminous report to the council. They stated that Mr. Caldwell, agent for the Pana coal, was dissatisfied with the test, and embodied in their report recommendations from various engineers as to the worth of Pana coal, and wound up by recommending a contract be made with him.

This was the signal for war, and in an instant Alderman Muzzy was on his feet, and objecting vehemently to the report. After a long speech he ended by moving to lay the report of the committee on the table, and that the contract for furnishing coal to the city for the next year be awarded to Decatur. He was a member of the water committee, and had never been consulted in regard to the report just submitted. His motion was seconded by Alderman Shoemaker, who stated he was in favor of giving the contract to Decatur, and that he also was a member of the water committee, but had never been asked to consider the report of Superintendent Barnett.

Alderman Diehl amended Muzzy's motion by moving to accept the report, his motion receiving a second from Alderman Roberts.

Alderman Gogerty made a speech in defense of the previous motion. He said Superintendent Barnett had always been reliable and his reports accepted and there was no use going back on this one Roberts stated that all that was wanted was fair play in the tests and and that the test made was not considered a fair one. The superintendent should have reported the work accomplished by the machinery and the amount of steam produced. Alderman Muzzy said of the five engineers who recommended Pana coal as superior to any in the market, four had never tested Decatur coal. He called it a combination and thought the Pana company had promised the manufacturers whose engineers had signed the recommendation, cheap coal, if they would in that way secure the city contract. Several more speeches were made on the subject by Aldermen Shoemaker, Starr and Diehl.

The mayor put the question on accepting the committee's report with the following result: Aye, Roberts and Diehl; nay, Shoemaker, Starr, Wayne, Alexander, Muzzy, Gogerty and Oakes.

It was declared lost, and the previous motion to lay the report on the table and award the contract to the Decatur coal company, was adopted by the following vote: Aye, Alexander, Gogerty, Oakes, Starr, Shoemaker, Muzzy and Wayne; nay, Diehl and Roberts.

A bill of $6 for expenses to Bloomington was allowed in favor of Alderman Roberts.

An ordinance was then read providing for paving the following route to the depot: North on North Main from the old square to William; east on William to Franklin; north on Franklin to North; east on North to Broadway; north on Broadway to Eldorado and then east to the Illinois Central; from North street south on Broadway to East Main street; from William street south on Franklin to Main; east on North Park to Franklin.

Alderman Starr moved a suspension of rule 15, which was adopted

The ordinance was then read by sections, and on motion of Alderman Shoemaker, section one was made to include Morgan street from Eldorado to Mason street. It was then adopted by sections and then as a whole

The ordinance granting the Citizen's Street Railway Company the right of way out West Main street was adopted.

Another paving ordinance providing for paving East Main street from the old square to Water street, thence north to Cerro Gordo and then east to Morgan street was read and referred to the proper committee.

On motion the council adjourned

Surprise Party.

A large birthday surprise party, gotten up by Miss Jennie Montgomery, was given last evening in honor of Mr. William Simonds, at Miss Lulu Lemon's residence on West North street. Just before refreshments were served a large, elegant birthday cake was placed before Mr. Simonds and each one was given a number, unknown to the owner, He was then requested to cut a quarter of the cake at the same time mentioning any number. He selected number 10. Clara Stommel was the lucky person who claimed the cake and well did she enjoy its contents. After this, excellent refreshments were partaken of. The principal amusements were games and dancing.

An alarm of fire was sounded yesterday morning about one o'clock, being occasioned by a lamp in Brewer's bakery taking fire. It was extinguished before the department arrived, although it turned out. As usual the bay team attached to the chemical balked, and did not get twenty feet from the engine house. Yesterday morning, when being taken out for exercise, they repeated their annoying practice and it was only after several minutes beating and coaxing that they could be induced to move. This team should be sold and a better one secured. It appears an impossibility to break them of their habit and it is only a waste of time to fool with them.

WABASH WRECKS.

Two Serious Accidents in Twenty Four Hours—Eight Persons Injured in a Wreck at Venice

At 9.20 yesterday morning the Wabash St. Louis train from Toledo, was wrecked at a point a few miles north of Venice. A broken rail threw the smoker and baggage car from the track, but luckily the passenger and sleeping coaches—both well filled—did not leave the rails, which was owing to the fact that the train was running slowly. Express Messenger J. J. Mattocks was thrown heavily against the safe, which before he could extricate himself from his position, rolled over him and crushed him across the hips and bowels, causing internal injuries, which may prove fatal. Besides these injuries he was quite seriously injured about the skull. The baggageman, M. W. Hassett, had his nose broken. There were about forty persons on the smoker when it turned over. W. F. Northcup, of Toledo, received a scalp wound. Mrs. Geo. S. Lawrence, a lady on her way to California, two cuts on the head and bruises on the body, Mr. Geo. Bennett cuts on the head and wrist. Fritz Seiffert, a passenger for Arkansas, cut in the head and bruised back of the ear Mrs. D. McFadden, a lady passenger on her way to California, extensive lacerated wound of the head. August Koch bruised in the head. Michael Achramer contusion of the left knee joint The train was under way ten minutes after the accident.

WRECK AT SIDNEY.

A rear end collision occurred at Sidney, Sunday morning, to the west bound passenger train run in two sections. The first section had stopped for water, and the second section ran into the rear sleeper, wrecking it and the locomotive and mail car. The sleeper was well filled, but no one was injured.

A Light Sentence.

Frederick Kneiper, a rather good looking young man, who resides in this city, and is pretty well known, was on trial in the county court yesterday for burglary and larceny. He was arrested a few months ago as one of the parties who burglarized Dennis' store. He made admission to the officer who arrested him, sufficient to show that he was implicated in the affair. Judge W E. Nelson and J. M. Clokey appeared as his attorneys, and when the trial was about half over, Judge Nelson arose and said under the evidence produced the states attorney could do nothing but enter a nolle to the count of burglary, and providing he would do so the judge said he would enter a plea of guilty for his client to the charge of petit larceny. Accordingly the burglary count was nolled, and Judge Smith told the young prisoner to stand up and receive his sentence. Kneiper told the judge that he had been in jail for three months and a half, and that this was the first time he had ever been arrested on such a charge. After reminding him of the gravity of his offense, and his narrow escape from the penitentiary, Judge Smith advised him to mend his ways and remain off of the streets at night and to cease associating with tramps and other low characters. Kneiper readily promised, and the judge sentenced him to ten days in the county jail, saying as he did so that it was a light sentence but he always endeavored to be as lenient as possible with young men in the hope that they would reform. The prisoner's mother, sister and friends congratulated him with smiling faces and warm hand shakes.

J. K. Emmet.

The above celebrated artist appeared at the opera house last evening in his play of the "Strange Marriage of Fritz," which varies but little from his other well-known plays in which he has made himself famous. A large audience greeted him, and Mr. Emmet's personation of the happy, light hearted, reckless "Fritz" was highly satisfactory. He never fails to please his audience. His new songs called forth hearty applause, but he wouldn't gratify his hearers with a repetition. Emmet is never happy without children in his cast, and last evening had two who were simply immense. The smallest one was not more than four years old and in her dance with Emmet in the last act brought down the house.

An effort is being made in this city to organize a Burns Club or Caledonian Society. There are several Scotchmen and sons of Scots in this city and county, and the prospects for a creditable organization appear to be good. The birthday of Scotia's immortal bard will be duly celebrated by a grand banquet at the New Deming hotel on Monday evening next—the 126th birthday falling on Sunday the 25th. The programme for the evening will embrace a fine supper, the singing of Scotch songs, and a little tripping of the light fantastic toe. All Scotchmen and their families are respectfully invited, and are referred to Messrs. Daniel Robinson, David Hutchinson, Louis McKenzie, or Jas. Dougherty, who will furnish them with tickets for the banquet.

Mt. Pulaski Mills Burned.

On Sunday afternoon Priest & Gordon's large flouring mill at Mt. Pulaski burned down, involving a loss of $40,000. The fire is supposed to have originated from a hot box. Only $15,000 insurance was carried on the property. Messrs. Priest & Gordon purchased the mill last August. Their misfortune will be deeply regretted by their Decatur friends.

A. T. Hill, president of the National bank, is mentioned as a proper candidate for mayor at the ensuing city election.

PERSONAL

Mr and Mrs Page Procter rejoice over the birth of a son.

Mr and Mrs D W Rider are "at home" at the St. Nicholas.

Mrs Charlie Logan has been seriously ill for several days past.

Dr. S. C. Ham, of Argenta, was in the city yesterday on business.

Judge Jesse J. Phillips, of Hillsboro, was in the city last evening.

Charlie Armstrong, the boot and shoe dealer of Lovington, was in the city yesterday.

A twelve pound son arrived on Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Moore to gladden their future lives.

Miss Ella Lean, of Nokomis, Montgomery county, is visiting the family of Mr. M. L. Deck, on North Church street.

J. W. Sturgiss and J. H Combs, of Macon, accompanied by J. F. Combs, of Indianapolis, were in the city yesterday.

Acting Mayor Lake has removed Officers Andress and Ringland from the force, in accordance with a resolution recently adopted in the council.

R H. Woodcock, ex-president of the board of supervisors, and a prominent banker of Macon, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J K. Emmet and the company that supported him last evening in "The Strange marriage of Fritz, or the love of an Irish girl" were entertained at the St Nicholas

Butter in Boston.

[Boston Chicago Tribune]

It is hard to find good butter here—an article almost universally good in the west At each I have never met bad, rank butter many we term hotel table Oleomargarine is largely used in the restaurants, and it is only at the highest priced cafes that one is sure to find genuine sweet butter At one Boston hotel of high repute they have for years sold butter of a money-ey taste so that now it is proverbial that at this hotel you are sure to get horrible butter. They buy a good article, but they store it where it acquires a flavor of the sewers. A friend of mine recently bought some choice Philadelphia butter in neat pats, paying therefor 75 cents per pound. On taking it home his wife and female friends declared their belief that the butter was oleomargarine and they were sure they "tasted the suet." Next week, out of revenge, my afflicted friend bought some oleomargarine, put up in a shape to deceive the very elect among butter men. This he took home, and the women said with one accord: "What delicious butter—now you have got the right thing!" He was avenged on his fair critics when he disclosed his little plot.

The Ruling Passion of His Race.

[Boston Courier]

A party of Israelites went out in a small yacht on a pleasure excursion. A gale arose and they were blown off the land. They were several days without food, and, despairing of being rescued, resigned themselves to die. They sank into a state of lethargy and were nearing dissolution, when the captain in charge of the little craft espied a vessel. He sprang to his feet exclaiming:

"A sail! a sail!"

"A sale!" echoed one of the Israelites, feebly, "a sale; vere ish de catalogue?"

OPERA HOUSE.

[ONE NIGHT ONLY]

THURSDAY, JAN. 22

"THE LAUGHABLE HIT!"

"GRAB IT QUICK."

A RAG BABY

By CHAS. H. HOYT author of

A Bunch of Keys,

Under the management of

Eugene Tompkins,

—OF THE—

BOSTON THEATRE.

The Comedy Success of New York and Boston.

A Great Cast of Favorites.

FRANK DANIELS,

BESSIE SANSON,
CHAS. H. DREW,
LOUISE EISSING,
MARK SULLIVAN,
H. J. CONOR,
HELEN REIMER,
E. A. OSGOOD,
CLARA LANE,
W. H. STEDMAN,
TINA JACKSON.

Musical Director - - Mr. Harry Braham

New Scenery, New Music.

See bills and announcements for particulars

Popular Prices, 35, 50 and 75 cents Sale of seats at Curtis & Co.'s.

OPERA HOUSE.

Friday Eve., Jan. 23d.

Return of the Best of All Laughing Shows,

DAN'L SULLY'S

CORNER GROCERY.

The Greatest Comedy Hit of the Age.

The only Laughing Show that ever made a Three Months' Run in New York City.

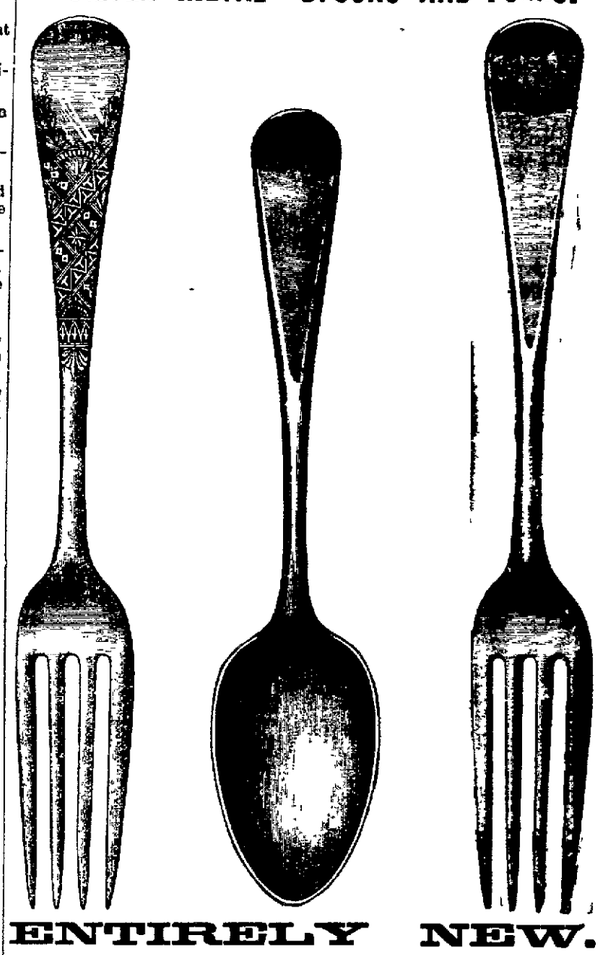
Remember, Friday Eve., Jan. 23d

—IS—

DANIEL SULLY'S EVENING!

Popular Prices—35, 50 and 75 cents. Seats now on sale at Curtis & Co.'s.

SILVER METAL SPOONS AND FORKS.



ENTIRELY NEW.

Durable as Solid Silver.

Much Cheaper than Plated.

If you want something GOOD and reasonable in price examine these goods before you buy anything in this line.

MOREHOUSE, WELLS & CO

134 East Main St.

BUY

SOLD ONLY BY

Ferguson & Dillehunt.

CARPETS CURTAINS

—AND—

WALL PAPERS.

in Quality, Style and Coloring, surpassing anything ever brought to Decatur. Our prices as usual, will be the lowest

ABEL & LOCKE.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Leffingwell's Old Stand,

136 South Main Street,

Decatur, Illinois,

Is the place to go for Good Meals, Fine Cigars, Cheap Confections, genuine home-made bread, fresh cakes and pies. Give us a call and be convinced.

COMBS & INMAN,
Proprietors.

CLOSING OUT

Of Furniture and Stoves. The goods must be sold soon. Rattan chairs, parlor chairs, cane chairs, book cases, centre tables, washstands, bed room suits, upholstered goods, lounges, single and double husk mattresses, hair mattresses, wool mattresses, pillows, hall-trees, mirrors, dressing cases, bureaus, bedsteads, and everything in the furniture line. Also Cook and Heating Stoves at Cost.

REMEMBER THE PLACE

BACHMAN BROS.
SOUTH PARK, SIGN BIG ELEPHANT.

Danzeisen & Son

NEW MEAT MARKET

—AT—

NEW MEAT MARKET

No1 6. Merchant St

Which has been fitted up with new fixtures and everything put in the most complete order. We will keep constantly on hand all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Ham, Bacon Sausage, Lard etc., etc., etc.,

WE SELD ONLY THE BEST QUALITY OF MEATS.

Danzeisen & Son.

THE REVIEW

SACK & MIZE, Proprietors,
East Main street, Decatur, Illinois.

DAILY.

Delivered by carrier or by mail, per week. $ .10
Three months in ADVANCE..... 1.25
One year in advance,..... 5.00

WEEKLY.

By mail (in advance) one year..... $1.00
If not paid in advance, per year..... 1.50
Specimen numbers sent free on application.

PERISHED IN THE SNOW.

A Portion of Klagenfurt, Austria, Overwhelmed by an Enormous Snow-Slide.

Twenty-five Corpses Found and Many Persons Still Missing—A Swiss Village Buried.

Terrible Disaster at Sea—Foreign Countries Fighting American Competition in Breadstuffs.

OTHER OLD WORLD NEWS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—A London cablegram to the *Journal*, dated January 17, says: Dispatches from the continent describe an enormous snow-slide in the mountainous Province of Corinthia, in Austria, which overwhelmed in an instant the portion of the city of Klagenfurt which lies under the Alpine foothills. The snowfall has been unusually heavy this winter, but no danger was anticipated until the middle of last week, when slight earthquake shocks were reported at various points in the Carnic Alps. Then there was anxiety in Klagenfurt, not merely because the earthquake might visit them, but because a slight vibration of the mountains would start an avalanche that might wreck the old historic town. This morning, when the worshipers were on their way to the cathedral, a heavy rumbling was heard far up the mountains. A glance upward from the city saw the snow-clad surface in billowy motion, and in less than three minutes the avalanche came with a crash and roar upon the outskirts of the town, burying some houses thirty feet deep in snow, and sweeping lighter structures before it like straw. Parties of men at once rushed to the rescue of the overwhelmed citizens. On the upper slope it was found that many habitations had been utterly swept away. Twenty-five corpses were discovered, some of them stripped of every particle of clothing and horribly mangled. Nearly a hundred persons were found to be suffering from contused wounds or crushed and helpless under beams and snow. Lower down the work of digging out the snow-imprisoned victims was begun and carried on with vigor. Many were rescued. On the upper slope a little child was found unhurt, though imprisoned under a heap of debris which had been stopped from descending to the valley by a bowlder. Its parents and their dwelling had been swept away. Many affirm that an earthquake shock was felt, but it is held that the fall of such a mass of snow would account for any vibrations. Three thousand men are digging through the snow to recover the bodies of the dead and rescue the imprisoned.

BERNE, Jan. 19.—A small village at the foot of Mount Simplon has been buried under ten feet of snow by an avalanche.

MADRID, Jan. 19.—The Province of Malaga has been visited during the past forty-eight hours by heavy snow-storms accompanied by terrific winds. The sugar-cane crop is damaged to the extent of $1,500,000. At Frigiliana, a village twenty-seven miles east of Malaga, the gale destroyed the huts of the peasantry. Their inhabitants, becoming desperate from cold and hunger, attacked the houses of the wealthier residents and land owners, demanding food and shelter. They were fired upon and repulsed. Several of them were wounded.

DUBLIN, Jan. 19.—The missing packet Admiral Moorsom was sunk in a collision on Thursday night. Twelve of the crew and nine of the eleven passengers were drowned. The loss was caused by a collision with the American ship Santa Clara from New York. The latter landed twelve of the crew and two of the Moorsom's passengers at Holyhead. The Santa Clara's headgear was slightly damaged. She was towed to Holyhead. On Saturday the steamer Lady Wodehouse succeeded in getting lines to the wreck, but during a heavy sea the ropes parted and the Admiral Moorsom eventually sank. Nothing is known concerning the remainder of the crew not already accounted for.

VIENNA, Jan. 19.—An agitation is being carried on which has for its end nothing less than the absolute shutting out of American breadstuffs from Europe, or at least from Germany, Austria and Russia. On this subject the *Wiener Tagblatt* says:

"It is announced that a very strange idea has suddenly sprung up and which should be mentioned as characteristic of the present time. The proposition is made in all seriousness that in order to meet the question of American competition we shall take refuge in a European coalition which shall, without any restriction whatever, close the European market to American agricultural products. In support of this proposition it is remarked that America rejoices in extraordinary advantages —immeasurable tracts of ground whose productiveness is not yet exhausted, and which lie ready for the use of agriculture. America has no standing army. The State takes away no labor from the land. The ground in America is not burdened with grievous taxation, for the State gets its income principally from its tariff. To be taken into consideration also, is the activity of the American spirit, the agility of American speculation, and the cheapness of transportation must also be mentioned. In America the state is thoroughly alive to furthering the promotion of agricultural products. The American farmer is not oppressed by those burdens which European centralization has piled upon landowners in European countries. We can not overcome this American competition in any other way than by closing the European market to Americans."

PARIS, Jan. 19.—Edmond Francois Valentin About, the well known author, is dead. About leaves a wife and eight children. The funeral will take place to-day. There will be no religious ceremony. He was born at Dieuze February 14, 1828. In 1868 he was one of the contributors to the *Gaulois*, and in 1872 was chief editor of the Radical journal in Paris. He published a number of works of a political nature, and was the author of several novels.

PANAMA, Jan. 19.—There is another revolution in the United States of Colombia. Barranguilla was captured by the rebels. Carthagena, captured the 13th, was retaken by the National forces Friday. Troops have gone to recover Barranguilla. Other troops have been sent to Buena Ventura to assist in the restoration of order there. Affairs at Cauca and Panama are quiet, but the National force is insufficient to maintain order should a revolt or riot occur. The situation is uneasy. There is no foreign man-of-war in the harbor.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 19.—The steamer Arabic, which arrived last evening, brings Hong Kong dates up to December 28 and Yokohoma January 4. An incendiary fire has completely destroyed the town of Hangham, near Hong Kong. No details were published, but it is believed many lives were lost. Fears are entertained that the steamer Charles Townsend Hook, which sailed from Saigon for Hong Kong, has been lost with 250 souls on board.

Inquiries for iron at Chattanooga have increased, and two furnaces have been blown in. Employees in different manufactories have been augmented, and the outlook is more cheerful.

TALES OF THE TELEGRAPH.

Justus Stevens, Mayor of Princeton, Ill., died Sunday, aged 80 years.

Rev. William Bacon, who founded the Church of the Redeemer, died in 1865, died in that city Saturday morning.

A bill has been introduced into the Legislature of Dakota to remove the capital from Bismarck to Pierre.

Tax deeds issued from the Auditor-General's office of Michigan last year run up to nearly 20,000.

The mills of the Paducah (Ky.) Lumber Company, valued at $35,000, were on Friday night destroyed by fire.

Sunday morning at Mount Pulaski, Ill., the mill and elevator was destroyed by fire. Loss $25,000; insurance, $14,000.

B. B. Oliver, a member of the insolvent iron firm of Pittsburgh, states that the liabilities will not prove to be $2,500,000.

One thousand cases of measles are reported in New Bedford, Mass., an average of one case to every thousand persons.

The banks of New York hold $51,148,775 above legal requirements—the largest amount of idle funds ever known there.

Taylor Bollard, a farmer near Franklin, Ind., who refused to trust his money to banks, was murdered and robbed of $1,000.

John Lenehan, in jail at Providence, R. I. for attempting to murder his mistress, Mary Wentham, committed suicide Sunday.

At St. Paul Saturday D. E. Swann, the Northern Pacific embezzler, was sentenced on two indictments to thirteen years in the penitentiary.

A hurricane which swept over Steubenville, O., Friday night caused damage estimated at $250,000. The First Presbyterian Church is a complete wreck.

The citizens of Mitchell, D.T., held an indignation meeting over the acquittal of Lewis, the murderer of Pierce, and a committee was appointed to notify him to leave.

Fire at Beloit, Kan., Sunday destroyed property valued at $40,000. The Post-office Block and other buildings in Dodge City, Kan., were burned, aggregating a loss of $75,000.

Mrs. Matthews, wife of Justice Matthews, of the United States Supreme Court, is lying very ill at her home in Washington, and little hope for her recovery is entertained.

In the Kent County (Mich.) Circuit Court Saturday George Thurston was given a verdict of $8,000 against Ransom D. Luce, for having knocked down-stairs by Luce ten years ago.

Eighteen members of a jury at Dallas, Tex., published a card favoring a State law making the carrying of deadly weapons a felony, punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Mrs. Julia A. Roberts, a well-known worker among the poor of the National Capital, was found dead in bed in Washington Sunday morning. She was a sister of General Phil Kearney.

Lord Garmoyle, the defendant in the recent breach-of-promise case in London, Lord Osborne and Captain Arlington, of the Royal navy, are in Chicago, en route from Australia to England.

Cashiers Webb and Roath, of the Shetucket National and Merchants' Banks, Norwich, Conn., succeeded in embezzling $180,000 of the banks funds, which was lost in Wall street speculations. The cashiers will be prosecuted.

At South Norwalk, Conn., an attempt was made during Friday night to blow up a hat store with dynamite. One end of the structure was destroyed. There were seventeen employes asleep in the building, but none of them were injured.

Unemployed workmen of London, to the number of ten thousand, gathered in front of the Royal Exchange, Saturday, and listened to addresses by Henry George, Helen Taylor and others. Bloodthirsty pamphlets were scattered among the crowd.

Colonel R. C. Hollyday, a well-known citizen of Talbot County, Pa., died Sunday, aged seventy-three. Deceased was Secretary of State under Governors Bowie, Groome and Carroll, and was appointed to the same position by Governor McLane, but retired because of declining health.

According to the annual report of the Secretary of the American Colonization Society eighty-one persons were sent to Liberia from the United States the past year, and the total number sent from the United States in the sixty-four years in which the colony has been established is 15,776.

A convention of representatives of the electric light companies of the United States and Canadas has been called to meet at the Grand Pacific Hotel in Chicago, Wednesday, February 25. It is rumored that an effort will be made to end the litigation and bring about co-operation between the companies.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.

FLOUR—Quiet. Winter, $4.40@4.75; Spring, $3.00@3.75; low grades, $1.75@2.50; Patents, $4.35@5.25; Rye Flour, $3.00@3.25.

WHEAT—Quiet and steady; No. 2 Spring, 80@80¼c; No. 3, 69@70c; No 2 Red, 87c; No. 3, 72½c; No. 2 Spring, February, 80¼@80¾c; May, 86½@87¼c.

CORN—Firmer and in good shipping and speculative request. No. 2 January and February, 37@37½c; May, 41¾@42c; No. 2 free on board cars, 41½c; No. 3, 38½@38¾c; No. 3 Yellow, 39¾@40c.

OATS—Fairly active and prices about the same as yesterday. Sales ranged at $4.30@4.55 for light; $4.30@4.50 for rough packing, and $4.55@4.80 for heavy packing and shipping lots.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 17.

CATTLE—Feeling strong, but the supply was not sufficient to test the market.

HOGS—Quality better; market steady; lots, $4.20@4.50.

SHEEP—Steady; $2.75@3.25 for fair to good.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., Jan. 17.

CATTLE—Nothing doing; all through consignments.

HOGS—Active, firm and higher; Philadelphias, $4.50@5.00; Yorkers, $4.35@4.45.

SHEEP—Firm and unchanged.

An old friend who had suffered for years with rheumatism from Athlophoros and the pain left as if by magic. As has tried the best physicians in and out of hospitals without benefit. C. S. Starr, 23 State street, New London, Conn.

THE best on earth, can truly be said of Grigg's Glycerine Salve, which is a sure, safe and speedy cure for cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, wounds and all other sores. Will positively cure piles, tetter and all skin eruptions. Try this wonder healer. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25 cents. Sold by druggists.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.

FLOUR—Firm and quiet.

WHEAT—Opened weaker and ¼@¾c lower, but subsequently strengthened and advanced. No. 1 White, 85c; No. 2 Red, February, 82¾@83c; March, 84½@84¾c; April, 85¾@86¼c; May, 87½@88¼.

CORN—½@¾c higher, but very quiet. Mixed Western spot, 50@51c; futures, 50¾@51¼c.

OATS—Western, 36@40c.

PROVISIONS—Beef steady; New Extra, $11.00@11.50. Pork firm; New Mess, $13.00@13.25. Lard higher and firm; Steam, $7.25.

BUTTER—Firm and quiet. Western, 19@35c.

CHEESE—Firm at 14@15¼c.

EGGS—Western firm at 27½@28c.

DETROIT, Jan. 17.

FLOUR—Quiet. Michigan Winter Wheat, $3.90@4.00; roller process, $4.25@4.50; patents, $5.25; Minnesota patents, $5.50@5.75.

WHEAT—Quiet but steady. No. 1 White cash and February, 84c; March, 82c; May, 94½c; No. 2 Red cash, 80c; February, 80½c; March, 82c; May, 91½c.

CORN—No. 2 cash, 42¾c bid.

OATS—No. 2 White, 33c; No. 2, 31c asked.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 17.

WHEAT—Steady and quiet. No. 2 cash and January, 80½c; February, 81¼c bid; March, 83c; May, 88c; No. 2 Soft, 89c.

CORN—Firm and active. No. 2 cash and January, 42c; February, 40½c; May, 43c; No. 3, 40¾c.

OATS—Nominal; no quotations.

PEORIA, Ill., Jan. 17.

CORN—Scarce. New High Mixed, 36@38½c; New No. 2 Mixed, 38½@39c.

OATS—Scarce. No. 2 White, 29½@30c; No. 3 Mixed, 28½@29c.

RYE—Scarce and nominal. No. 2, 60@61c.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.

CATTLE—Market unchanged. Quotations ranged as follows: Native shipping Steers, $4.50@5.50 for poor to fair, and $5.75@6.60 for good to prime; Cows, $2.25@4.75; Bulls, $2.50@3.60; Butchers Steers, $4.00@4.50; Stockers and Feeders, $2.75@4.00.

HOGS—Market fairly active and prices about the same as yesterday. Sales ranged at $4.30@4.55 for light; $4.30@4.50 for rough packing, and $4.55@4.80 for heavy packing and shipping lots.

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"So Near, and Yet So Far!"

BY ALISON.

CHAPTER I.

A SPACIOUS drawing-room, ebony-furnished, the predominating color pale blue and sage green; five tall narrow windows in a bow at the upper end, curtained in sage-green satin embroidered with blue, giving a wide view of snowy lawn and dark shrubbery, showing coldly against a faint afternoon sky of wintry amber; within the room, a pleasant glow of firelight falling full on a girl standing on the hearthrug—a girl in a jacket of duskily golden fur, a cap of the same on her head, with fair hair blown about her white forehead, and in her cheeks a soft color, borne of the frosty outside air.

"Good girl, to have come over to see me on such a miserable afternoon!"

Maud Kent turned her head. The door had opened to admit a little figure in widow's dress, a figure as slight and girlish as her own, on whose sleek dark head the widow's cap looked quaintly out of place.

"I don't want to sail under false colors," Maud said, smiling, as they kissed each other. "But the truth is, I was on my way home from the village, and I thought I would turn in, not to see you, but to get a cup of tea."

"You might have allowed me to lay the flattering unction to my soul!" Mrs. Harry Wilde answered, laughing, as she stood opposite to her friend on the rug. "But what have you been doing in the village—church decorating? Cold work even in that brand new sealskin jacket!"

"You Australians are such shivery beings! But do you like my jacket, Manie?"

"My dear, it is superb. Your father is very generous to you, though he does not allow you to have your own way in such small matters as afternoon tea."

"That is because he thinks it is not good for us," Maud said, a shadow passing over her face. "Manie, why didn't you come down to the church to-day?"

"And catch my death of cold!"

"But it was not cold—at least, I did not find it cold. And we have made the church look so pretty!"

"And how you have made poor Mr. Graham look?"

"We put chaplets of holly round each pillar, with lots of red berries," Maud went on, ignoring the question, "and we filled the window-ledges with the most beautiful green moss out of the woods. And the children put up the text across the gallery—the letters we made of cotton-wool, you know, to look like snow."

"But what about Mr. Graham, Maud?"

"Do not bother about Mr. Graham, Manie."

"Poor Malcolm Graham! Maud, you have a great deal to answer for."

"You are very jocose to-day," Maud said, looking at her friend with some smiling curiosity in her gray eyes. "What pleasant thing has happened? Have you heard from your friends in Australia, or has Mr. Wilde given you that diamond watch you have been pining for, as a Christmas box?"

"I have heard of my friends in Australia," Mrs. Harry Wilde acknowledged, returning the smiling look with interest. "But you would never guess from whom."

"Perhaps I could. Adam has come home."

"How did you guess, Maud? I declare you must have been thinking of him!"

"Of course I thought of him the moment you mentioned Australia."

"You mentioned it first," Mrs. Harry laughed, clapping her hands softly together. "Well, he came home last night, Maud; are'nt you glad?"

Was Maud glad? So far as her face went, the mingled firelight and twilight were too uncertain to give her friend any clew.

"You scarcely expected him home for Christmas, Manie?"

"Scarcely. He told us not to begin to look out for him before the new year. But I guessed that was because he knew his father would get into a fuss if he expected him on a certain date, and the steamer happened to be delayed a day or two. He walked in while we were at dinner last night—you may fancy the commotion between his father and the servants, to say nothing of the dogs!"

"I can fancy how delighted you all were to see him," Maud said soberly. "Is he much changed?"

"I did not think him changed—it is not so very long since I saw him, you know—not quite two years."

"No," Maud observed, in the same half-absent way. "But it is seven years since I saw him—and they say seven years in Australia makes a great difference in one's appearance."

"It makes a difference everywhere," Mrs. Harry laughed. "I dare say you will find him altered, as he is sure to find you. Only you have improved, while he has grown haggard and sunburnt."

"Has he grown haggard, Manie?"

"Well, you know Adam never was good-looking," Manie answered more gravely. "Poor Harry was the handsome one of the family—everybody acknowledged that. But Adam has a nice face, and nice eyes too, when he isn't cross. I can't think how it was you happened to miss each other. He started off to Fief Oaks directly after luncheon."

"And I went down to the village immediately after breakfast," Maud said, the shadow vanishing from her face. "We have been hard at work all day, Bertha Norcott and the children and I."

"By-the-way, where are the children?"

"I sent them home with Miss Peach. I thought one pair of muddy boots in your drawing room would be quite enough."

"I certainly prefer to have you all to myself. But where were Jack and Mr. Fairfax? It was not fair to leave all the hammering and ladder-climbing to poor Mr. Graham."

"Oh, Sara did most of that!" Maud answered, laughing. "Sara is as active as a boy, and as fond of climbing ladders. I think Miss Peach was rather ashamed of some of her feats to-day."

"Sara is only thirteen," Mrs. Harry said indulgently. "I hate to see old heads on young shoulders. I like children to be children, not little old men and women. My two scamps have been out the entire day, making a Polar bear of the snow on the tennis-ground. I thought they must have been half frozen, but they declared they were "as hot as toast."

"I think children like this weather," Maud said; but she said it absently, looking down into the bright wood fire.

"It seems to agree with you," her friend remarked, watching her with some amusement in her dark eyes. Mrs. Harry Wilde had very fine eyes—they were the best feature in her small, dark complexioned face.

"Oh, yes, winter always agree with me—and summer too, for that matter!"

"It agrees with most people to be happy," Mrs. Harry said, sententiously. "Come to the table now and take your tea, my dear. You won't appreciate it half so much when Adam comes in."

They sat down opposite to each other at the little gypsy-table, and Mrs. Harry proceeded to pour out tea. The two girls—Mrs. Harry looked nothing more than a girl—made a pretty picture with the dainty tea-service between them, the wintry daylight lighting up one side of each face, a soft glow of firelight on the other; Manie's dusky complexion daintily relieved by the widow's cap with its long lappets, Maud's fair hair looking fairer than ever under the cap of velvet golden-black fur.

Adam Wilde thought they made a very pretty picture, when he walked into the room as Manie was pouring out their second cup of tea.

"Maud, allow me to present my brother-in-law. Adam, this is my friend, Miss Kent."

"I think I have had the pleasure of meeting Miss Kent before," said Adam, holding out his hand.

Maud laughed—they were all laughing: it would have been hard to say which face looked happiest of the three.

"Where have you been all day, Adam?" his sister-in-law inquired.

"Where have you been?" Adam Wilde asked, turning to Maud. "I called at Fief Oaks three distinct times, and each time they told me that you were 'out.'"

"I was in the village," Maud said, smiling. "If you had come down to the church, you might have made yourself very useful."

"And been the center of an admiring circle of young ladies," laughed Mrs. Harry.

"They wouldn't have admired me much," Adam said, in perfect sincerity.

His face was a plain and rather stern-looking one, except when he smiled. Then its gravity gave place to a certain humor and sweetness, principally in the eyes, which, though neither large nor of a handsome color, were expressive and keen. His face was close-shaven, except for a heavy fair mustache, and had the weather beaten look of a man who had spent the greater part of his life in the saddle; but, for all his bronzed face, he looked shyly at his old sweetheart as he stood on the rug while she finished her tea. Still he did look again and again, looked at her and listened to her while she and Manie talked away to each other and to him, thinking all the time of the days they had spent together seven years before, and wondering if she remembered them as well as he did. He had not forgotten her in all these years. He had pictured her to himself so often—the serious eyes, the straight brows, the sweet mouth, the determined chin with a dimple in it, the soft, fair hair that was always blown in such pretty curls and tendrils about her forehead. How often that face had risen up before him by solitary camp-fires on dark nights, as he sat on the back of his motionless horse, keeping guard over some vast flock of sheep, perhaps drenched with rain—in lonely shepherds' huts where he had passed weeks at a time without hearing the sound of a human voice—on Sundays spent in out of the way stations, when he had strolled away into the scrub to think of home and of his sweetheart, instead of drinking and gambling with the rest! He had never forgotten her; but had she remembered him? Looking at her face now in the firelight, he could not tell. They had never been engaged to each other, old Mr. Kent looking on a seven years' engagement as the purest folly; but Adam had promised to come back for her at the end of seven years, and Maud had promised to wait for him, and the elders had forborne to interfere, thinking it more than probable that they would have forgotten each other in half the time. But Adam had not forgotten; it was in the hope of making her his wife that he had worked so hard; it was for her sake that he had risen early and gone to bed late; it was for to ask her to marry him that he had come back to England; it was with the passionate eyes of a lover that he watched her now, standing with his back to the fire, listening to the sweet voice, every intonation of which he remebered so well.

"I must hurry home," Maud said at last. "My father and Jack have ridden over to Needham with Mr. Fairfax—they wanted to show him the ruins of the Abbey there. Not that he cares much for ruins," she added, laughing; "but when one has visitors one must amuse them, and people are generally supposed to like to see whatever ruins are in the neighborhood."

"We have no ruins in Australia," Adam Wilde said, smiling, "except the remains of a shepherd's hut in the brush perhaps; and any man would sooner sleep all night under the stars than in a ruined hut, much less go out of his way to see one. Nothing in nature seems so utterly desolate as the ruins of a house where a human being has lived, and perhaps died."

"I can very well imagine it," Maud said gravely, thinking as she looked at him, of all the lonely hours he had spent since she saw him last; then she turned to say good-by to Mrs. Harry. "And don't forget to come early to-morrow," she added, as she pulled on her gloves.

"Early to what?" Adam inquired, looking from one to the other.

"To the children's Christmas party," Miss Kent answered, smiling. "I have been turning the question over in my mind as to whether I should ask you or not. If I do not ask you, you will be offended, and, if I do, you are certain to be bored."

"Oh, do ask me!" said Adam, smiling down at her. "I will promise not to appear bored, at all events."

"Then I invite you in my sister Sara's name. It is to be a fancy ball, but fancy dress is not imperative. However, if you choose to come as a gent or a giant, I have no doubt you will be all the more welcome."

"I think I shall appear in plain clothes," Adam answered, laughing.

They all went into the hall together, talking and laughing, and so through the glass porch with its ferns and cactus plants out to the doorsteps and the frosty evening air. And all the time Adam was longing for the moment when he could say: "Maud, have you forgotten me?" and Maud was wishing, woman-like, that something would happen to prevent a tete-a-tete walk back to Fief Oaks, though she had been pining for the sound of Adam Wilde's voice for the last seven years.

"Pack my young monkeys in if you see them," was Mrs. Harry's parting injunction as she stood shivering on the doorstep.

"May I see you safely into your own domain?" Adam asked, with Mrs. Harry watching them.

Miss Kent thanked him, walking by his side as sedately as if she had forgotten all the occasions upon which he had seen her home long before, and as if she believed that he had entirely forgotten them too.

The frosty air was pleasant, the crisp frozen snow crackled under their feet. It was still quite light out of doors, a faint yellow glow lingering in the west, behind the leafless branches of the trees. Leaving the carriage-drive, they turned down a long green alley, called the Box Walk. Here, at the end of this very Box Walk, on the little rustic bridge which divided Wildwood from Fief Oaks, they had kissed each other for the first time seven years before. Adam, glancing shyly at his companion, wondered if she remembered that kiss as well as he did—if she had thought of it half as often as he had—if she guessed that the very memory of it had had power to make his heart beat fast sixteen thousand miles away; but Maud's face looked calmly oblivious. She walked along beside him, the wild-rose tint still in her cheeks, the fair hair blown about her forehead as of old, but no tremble in the sweet red lips, no consciousness in the luminous gray eyes. And yet the memory of the first kiss was as present to her as it was to him. She was thinking of it as they walked side by side between the high box-hedges. She had never crossed the bridge since without thinking of it. she stopped a hundred times to lean over the bridge and think of it, and of the lover who had given it, with a passionate longing to see him again which Adam Wilde might never know.

"I have often thought of the bridge while I was away," Adam said shyly.

How poor and cold the words seemed, how utterly common-place; and yet how much they meant!

"Have you?" Maud answered, without affusion.

"You know you said you would often think of me here, didn't you?"

"As if one could think of a person more in one place than another," answered Maud.

"I don't suppose you tried."

"Oh, if you have to try to think of any one—"

"I don't mean that," Adam said lamely. His heart was eloquent enough, but he could not put his eloquence into words. If he had felt less, he could have spoken better; but perhaps Miss Kent understood him just as well.

"Do you find the place much changed?" she inquired calmly.

[To Be Continued To-morrow.]

Railway Time-Card

L. B. & W. Ry.

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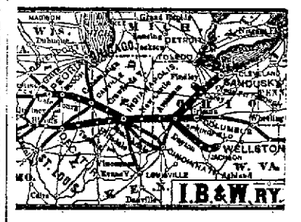
GREAT THROUGH ROUTE

—Between the—

East, West, North and South.



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Shortest and most desirable route between the East and West.

Through tickets and baggage checked to all principal points.

Particular advantages offered to Western Emigrants. Land and Tourist Tickets to all points reached by any line.

Trains leave and arrive at Decatur as follows

GOING EAST.

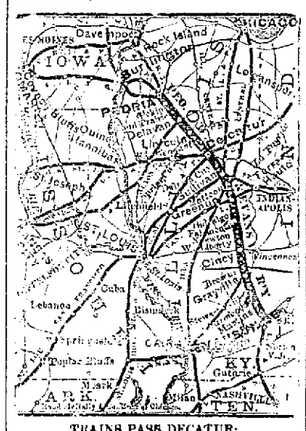
No. 22, Mail and Day Express.....12:05 p m
" 24, Night Express.....10:35 p m
" 26, Way Freight.....5:45 a m

Peoria, Decatur & Evansville Railway.

—Short Line Between the—

NORTHWEST AND SOUTHEAST.

The favorite route for Burlington, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Keokuk, Davenport, Rock Island, Lasalle, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and all points north and northwest. Connection made at Peoria in Union depot for all points in Iowa, Nebraska, Minnesota and Wisconsin. The most direct route for Nashville, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Macon, Montgomery, New Orleans and Jacksonville, Florida.



TRAINS PASS DECATUR:

GOING EAST.

Passenger.....10:52 a m
Passenger.....10:35 p m
Freight.....2:15 p m

GOING WEST.

Passenger.....7:00 a m
Passenger.....3:15 p m
Freight.....10:45 a m

CONNECTIONS:

At Peoria, in Union depot, for all points north and northwest
Delavan, with C. & A. (Jacksonville division)
Lincoln, with C. & A. Ry.
Mt. Pulaski, with I. C. Ry. (Springfield Div.)
Decatur, W. St. L. & P. Ry. for all points east and west, I. B. & W. (St. D. Div.), I. C. Ry
Sullivan, with W. St. L. & P. (Altamont Div.)
Mattoon, with I. C. and L. & St. L. Railways.
Greenup, with Vandalia line.
Olney, with O. & M. Ry.
Grayville, with W. St. L. & P. (C. & V. Div.)
Evansville, with L. & N. for all points south.
Through tickets to all points north, east, south, and west. Baggage checked to destination
For rates, time, and all reliable information, apply to H. W. SHIMER, Agent.

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S. M. MILLER, G. P. & T. A.
General Office PEORIA, ILL.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R'Y.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Passenger.....7:25 a m
No. 4 Accommodation.....12:13 a m
No. 10 Freight.....4:05 p m
No. 14 Freight.....5:25 p m

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Passenger.....8:35 a m
No. 3 Accommodation.....10:13 a m
No. 9 Freight.....7:40 a m
No. 11 Freight.....12:05 a m

ILLINOIS MIDLAND R'Y.

GOING EAST.

Mail and Express arrives at.....11:25 a m
" " leaves at.....11:35 a m
Local Freight arrives.....4:20 p m
" " leaves.....5:00 a

GOING WEST.

Mail and Express arrives at.....11:25 a
" " leaves at.....11:35 a
Local Freight arrives.....6:30 p
" " leaves.....5:00 a

E. A. BA ET ent.
D. H. CONKLIN, Gen'l Man.

W. ST. L. & P. R'Y.

GOING EAST.

No. 44, Atlantic Express.....11:55 a m
" 42, Lightning Express.....10:45 p m

The following freight trains will carry passengers with tickets:

Going East.....8:10 a m
Going East.....4:35 a m
Accom Express.....2:55 p m

GOING WEST.

No. 43, Fast Line.....5:05 a m
" 47, Jacksonville Accommodation...6:40 a m
" 45, Fast Mail.....3:30 p m

The following freight trains will carry passengers with tickets:

Going West.....12:30 p m
Going West.....10:40 p m

Chicago Division.

GOING EAST.

No. 4, Chicago Express.....12:05 p m
" 2, Chicago Mail.....12:05 a m

ARRIVE FROM CHICAGO.

No. 3, St. Louis Express.....3:30 a m
" 5, St. Louis Mail.....3:22 p m

St. Louis Division.

GOING WEST.

No. 51, Way Freight.....5:05 a m
" 3, St. Louis Express.....3:40 m
" 43 Fast Line.....4:55 m
" 5, Fast Mail.....3:45 r m
" 45, Pacific Express.....3:00 p m

ARRIVE FROM ST. LOUIS.

No. 48, Chicago Express.....12:15 a m
" 44, Atlantic Express.....11:35 a m
" 42, Lightning Express.....10:20 p m

The following freight trains will carry passengers with tickets on the St. Louis Division:

Going West.....8:00 a m
Arrive from West.....7:50 p m

Champaign Division.

Arrive from East.....10:20 a m
Leave for Champaign.....4:00 p m
Way Freight leaves at 6:10 a m and returns at 6:45 p m

CLOSING SALE!

We are Compelled to Close Out Our Surplus

WINTER STOCK,

Even though at

60 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR

We still show large lots of Ladies', Misses', and Children's

UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

CLOAKS!

Blankets, Shawls,
Bed Comforts,
Dress Goods,
Velvets, Silks,
Ladids' Flannel Skirts,

Dress Flannels,
Cinghams, Jeans,
Flannels Etc., Etc.
Hoods, Gloves, Mitts, Etc, Etc.

We do not intend to carry over for next season any considerable quantity of goods, and are prepared to make any reasonable

Sacrifice,

Short of giving goods away. We carry an ELEGANT LINE and almost complete assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY,

And although we do not quote prices or weary you with figures, WE KNOW FROM FREQUENT OBSERVATION that we sell a better class of goods for

LESS MONEY

Than any house in Central Illinois. We invite

LADIES

From the city, vicinity, and from anywhere within trading distance to inspect and price our goods and make the most of THIS GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.

BIG **81** Merchant Street **CHEAP STORE.**

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